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Tapes #95, 96 & 97

Criminal Law Revision Commission  
311 Capitol Building  
Salem, Oregon

ARTICLE \_\_\_\_\_. OFFENSES INVOLVING FIREARMS AND DEADLY WEAPONS

Preliminary Draft No. 2; April 1970

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Subcommittee No. 3

ARTICLE \_\_\_\_ . OFFENSES INVOLVING FIREARMS AND DEADLY WEAPONS

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## OFFENSES INVOLVING FIREARMS AND DEADLY WEAPONS

### INTRODUCTORY COMMENTARY

This Article contains a statutory scheme for the licensing of individual firearm owners, the registration of all handguns possessed within the state, a permit requirement to carry a concealed handgun and a number of substantive offenses involving firearms and deadly weapons.

Section 2 exempts a number of persons and entities from the firearm permit and handgun registration requirements.

Section 6 sets out five classes of persons who are ineligible to obtain a firearm permit; this, in effect, prohibits these persons from possessing any kind of firearm within the state.

Section 7 modifies some of the provisions of section 6 to the extent of providing for the issuance of restricted firearm permits in certain cases; a restricted permit does not authorize the holder to own or possess a handgun.

Section 9 sets out the procedure for the registration of all handguns presently possessed in the state, as well as the requirements upon transfer of any handgun after the effective date of the Article.

Section 13 restates present provisions for obtaining a license to carry a concealed weapon. Authority to grant such license has been restricted to the Department of State Police.

Sections 14 to 21 comprise the basic substantive offenses in the Article, including violations of the newly enacted firearm permit and handgun registration statutes.

Section 22 is a new statute that would prohibit possession or trafficking in "destructive devices." Persons presently in lawful possession of such devices would have 60 days to dispose of them before becoming subject to criminal sanction.

Section 25 sets forth a number of defenses to the sections on possession of deadly weapons, carrying a concealed weapon and destructive devices, e.g., law enforcement personnel and the military.

Sections 29 and 30 provide for the establishment of a State Police Firearms Account in the General Fund of the State Treasury and an appropriation measure thereto.

It should be noted that under the proposed draft, the Department of State Police is granted substantial authority to administer and enforce the provisions of the Article.

ARTICLE \_\_\_\_\_. OFFENSES INVOLVING FIREARMS AND DEADLY WEAPONS

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Section 1. Offenses involving firearms and deadly weapons; definitions.

As used in this Article, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) The definition of "narcotic drug" in ORS chapter 474 and "dangerous drug" in section 1, Article 32, apply to this Article.
- (2) "Antique firearm" means a firearm manufactured prior to 1898 and which is incapable of use as a firearm.
- (3) "Blackjack" means a blackjack, slung shot, billy, sandclub, sand-bag or bludgeon.
- (4) "Deface" means to remove, cover, alter or destroy the manufacturer's serial number or any other distinguishing number or identification mark.
- (5) "Dealer" or "firearm dealer" means a person required to maintain a firearms transfer register under section 11 of this Article, and federally licensed firearm manufacturers and wholesale dealers.
- (6) "Department" means the Department of State Police.
- (7) "Detention facility" means any place used for the confinement of persons charged with or convicted of a crime or otherwise confined pursuant to a court order.
- (8) "Firearm" means a weapon, by whatever name known, which is designed or may be readily converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive, expansion of gas or escape of air, excluding, however:

(a) Any pneumatic gun, spring gun or B-B gun which expels a single globular projectile not exceeding .18 inch in diameter;

(b) Any device designed or redesigned for use solely as a signalling, line throwing, safety or industrial device;

(c) Any device used exclusively for the firing of stud cartridges, explosive rivets or similar industrial ammunition.

(9) "Firearm ammunition" means ammunition or cartridge cases, primers, bullets or propellant powder designed for use in any firearm.

(10) "Firearm permit" or "permit" means a permit issued by the Department authorizing the holder to acquire, possess or transfer firearms within this state, and includes a restricted firearm permit.

(11) "Gravity knife" means any knife with a blade which is released from the handle by the force of gravity or the application of centrifugal force which, when released, is locked in place by means of a button, spring, lever or other device.

(12) "Handgun" means a firearm having a barrel less than 12 inches in length.

(13) "Handgun registration certificate" means a certificate issued by a firearm dealer or the Department as evidence that a specifically designated handgun has been registered as required by the Article.

(14) "Knife" means any dagger, dirk, knife or stiletto with a blade over three and one-half inches in length, or any other dangerous instrument over three and one-half inches in length capable of inflicting cutting, stabbing or tearing wounds.

(15) "Machine gun" means a weapon of any size or designation, loaded or unloaded, from which two or more shots may be fired by a single pressure on the trigger device.

(16) "Peace officer" means a sheriff, constable, marshal, municipal policeman or a member of the Oregon State Police.

(17) "Public servant" means a public officer or employe of the state or of any political subdivision thereof or of any governmental instrumentality within the state.

(18) "Purchaser" means any person who receives a handgun from another by purchase, gift or loan.

(19) "Sawed-off shotgun" means a shotgun with its barrel reduced to less than 18 inches in length.

(20) "Seller" means any person who sells, furnishes, loans or gives a handgun to another.

(21) "Shotgun" means a weapon designed or redesigned to be fired from the shoulder and to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shot or a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger.

(22) "Switchblade knife" means a knife the blade of which opens automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in its handle.

(23) "Transfer" means to give, lease, loan, sell or otherwise transfer to another.

(24) "Unlawfully" means in violation of this Article, or except as authorized by any other Oregon statute.

(25) "Unrelieved disability" means a disability making a person ineligible to obtain a firearm permit under section 6, which is not relieved by making the applicant eligible for a restricted firearm permit in section 7.



Section 2. Firearm permits and handgun registration certificates; exempted persons. The provisions of sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 14, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 15 and paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 16 of this Article shall not apply to:

(1) Members of the Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard while engaged in their official duties;

(2) Federal officials required to carry firearms while engaged in their official duties;

(3) Peace officers of this or any other jurisdiction while engaged in their official duties;

(4) Firearm dealers engaged in the regular course of their business;

(5) Antique firearms;

(6) Public servants entrusted with maintaining the order and security of detention facilities, or otherwise engaged in law enforcement related duties such as a district attorney's or attorney general's investigator, a district attorney or his deputies, or the attorney general or his assistants, while engaged in their official duties;

(7) The passing or transfer of a firearm or firearm ammunition upon the death of the owner thereof to his heir or legatee, or the passing or transfer of any firearm incident to a legal proceeding<sup>or</sup> action other than <sup>transfer</sup> one occurring under <sup>this</sup> ~~the~~ Article, until 90 days after such passing or transfer;

(8) Unemancipated minors while in the custody and immediate control of their parent, lawful guardian or other person in loco parentis to the minor, provided however, that the parent, lawful guardian or other person in loco parentis to the minor shall have a valid firearm permit and, in the case of a handgun, shall also have a handgun registration certificate;

(9) Any new resident moving into the state with respect to a firearm then in possession, for 30 days from date the move into the state is completed;

(10) The following nonresidents:

(a) Nonresident hunters during hunting season, with valid nonresident hunting licenses and while in an area where hunting is permitted; however, at all other times and in all other places such persons must have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;

(b) Nonresidents while on a lawfully established firing or shooting range; however, such persons must at all other times and in all other places have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;

(c) Nonresidents while participating in a lawful firearm show or display; however, at all other times and in all other places such persons must have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;

(d) Nonresidents whose firearms are unloaded and enclosed in a case;

(e) Nonresidents who are currently licensed or registered to possess a firearm in their resident state.

Section 3. Firearm permits and handgun registration; in general.

(1) No person shall, after the effective date of this Article:

(a) Acquire or transfer a firearm or firearm ammunition within this state unless he is the holder of a valid firearm permit;

(b) Acquire or transfer a handgun within this state unless both purchaser and seller comply with the handgun registration requirements of section 9 of this Article.

(2) A person owning or possessing a firearm or firearm ammunition within this state on the effective date of this Article shall, within 180 days thereafter, sell or otherwise transfer the firearm or firearm ammunition, or make application for a firearm permit in his own name. In the event the firearm possessed is a handgun, the application for a firearm permit shall be accompanied by an application for a handgun registration certificate under section 9 of this Article.

Section 4. Firearm permit applications; authority; form; contents; fee. (1) The Department shall issue, upon application, a firearm permit to any person not ineligible because of an unrelieved disability under section 6 of this Article.

(2) The application for a firearm permit shall be in form prescribed by the Department and shall contain:

(a) The name, residence, citizenship, place of business, age, date of birth, occupation, sex and physical description of the applicant;

(b) A statement by the applicant that he is not ineligible to obtain a firearm permit because of an unrelieved disability under section 6 of this Article including, if applicable, facts in support of eligibility for a restricted firearm permit;

(c) The applicant's signature.

(3) The application shall be accompanied by a firearm permit fee of \$\_\_\_\_\_.

Add  
S.S.#

Section 5. Firearm permits; when issuable; term; number of firearms authorized. (1) Upon application for a firearm permit, the Department shall proceed to investigate the applicant to determine if he is subject to one of the unrelieved disabilities set forth in section 6 of this Article. *Add fingerprints - Dept may require*

(2) If the application conforms to section 4 and the applicant is not subject to an unrelieved disability under section 6 of this Article, the Department shall issue a firearm permit before the 11th day after the day the application is received from a resident of this state, or before the 16th day after the application is received from a nonresident.

(3) A firearm permit shall be valid permanently unless revoked or suspended or until such time as the holder becomes subject to one of the disabilities set forth in section 6 of this Article, whereupon the firearm permit shall be void and shall be returned by the holder to the Department within 10 days after it becomes void.

(4) The number of firearms owned or possessed by a person holding a valid firearm permit shall not be restricted, provided however, that each handgun owned or possessed shall be properly registered.

Section 6. Persons ineligible to obtain a firearm permit. Except as provided in section 7 of this Article, the Department shall not issue a firearm permit to a person who:

(1) Has been convicted of a felony in any state or federal jurisdiction;

(2) Has been convicted of a crime involving the use or threatened use of force, violence or a dangerous or deadly weapon, [the use of] a narcotic or dangerous drug] or the negligent or reckless use of a firearm, in any state or federal jurisdiction;

(3) Suffers from a physical defect or illness that would make it unsafe for him to handle firearms or who has been confined in a hospital or mental institution for the treatment of drug addiction, alcoholism or mental illness, unless the applicant produces a certificate executed by a physician attesting that the applicant no longer suffers from the disability to a degree that would interfere with or handicap the applicant in the handling of firearms;

(4) Is less than 18 years of age;

(5) Uses a fictitious name or makes a material misrepresentation in his application for a firearm permit. A person whose firearm permit is denied, revoked or suspended under authority of this subsection shall not be eligible to reapply for a firearm permit for three years from date of the denial, revocation or suspension.

*Amend*

Section 7. Persons eligible for restricted firearm permit. (1)

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 6 of this Article, a restricted firearm permit may be issued to:

(a) A person whose felony conviction did not involve the use of force or violence, the use or attempted use of a dangerous or deadly weapon, [the use of] a narcotic or dangerous drug [or] the negligent or reckless use of a firearm; *HABIT CRIM ACC, 7 yrs - no trouble*

(b) A person who has been convicted of a misdemeanor of the type defined in subsection (2) of section 6, and whose conviction occurred more than two years before the date of the application;

(c) A person who is 15 years of age or older, but less than 18, if his application is accompanied by a certification from his parent or lawful guardian granting him permission to apply for a restricted firearm permit.

(2) A restricted firearm permit shall not allow the holder to own or possess a handgun. A notice of such restriction shall be prominently displayed on each restricted firearm permit issued under authority of this section.

Section 8. Firearm permits; denial; suspension; revocation.

(1) The Department may deny an application for a permit or suspend or revoke an existing permit upon any of the grounds set forth in section 6 of this Article.

(2) When a permit application is denied or an existing permit suspended or revoked, the Department shall prepare a written order and written findings of fact and law. A copy of the order and findings shall be delivered or mailed to the aggrieved party before the 11th day after the day the order is issued. The aggrieved party may appeal the Department's order in the manner set forth in ORS 183.480 for appeal from the final decision of an agency in a contested case. Except as provided in this section, ORS 183.310 to 183.510 does not apply to a refusal to issue, suspension or revocation of a permit.

(3) When a permit application is denied or an existing permit suspended or revoked, the aggrieved party shall, within 10 days of receipt of the order from the Department, transfer all firearms then in his possession, provided however, that if the order of the Department is appealed pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, the aggrieved party shall not be required to transfer firearms in his possession until 10 days after a final decision is rendered against him.

(4) When a permit is suspended or revoked upon grounds that would otherwise entitle the holder to a restricted permit, he may, after such suspension or revocation, apply for a restricted permit. If the application for a restricted permit is submitted to the Department within 10 days of receipt of the suspension or revocation order, the applicant



shall be required to transfer his handguns only; he may, unless his application for a restricted permit is denied, retain possession of his other firearms.

(5) A permit holder who suffers any of the disabilities set forth in section 6 of this Article shall, within 10 days of its occurrence, report such disability to the Department.

(6) "Aggrieved party", as used in this section, means a permit applicant or permit holder whose application is denied, or whose permit is suspended or revoked.

Section 9. Handgun registration certificates; requirements; fee.

(1) Handgun registration certificates shall be obtained for each handgun owned or possessed by an applicant at the time of his application for a permit. An application for a handgun registration certificate filed in conjunction with the firearm permit application shall include the applicant's firearm permit application number, date of application, the handgun manufacturer's name and address, serial and identification number, caliber or guage, type of action, model and barrel length, and the signature of the applicant. The handgun registration certificate application shall be in duplicate, the original to be retained by the Department, the copy, by the applicant. The copy retained by the applicant shall serve as proof of application for handgun registration until the original handgun registration certificate is issued by the Department. If a firearm permit is issued to the applicant, the Department shall simultaneously issue handgun registration certificates for each handgun claimed. Only a single application for handgun registration certificates shall be required for all handguns owned or possessed by a person on the effective date of this Article, provided that each handgun is separately identified in the application.

(2) Applications to transfer handgun registration certificates shall be completed by the seller and purchaser each time a handgun is transferred after the effective date of this Article. Applications to transfer handgun registration certificates shall be in triplicate and shall be signed by both seller and purchaser. The application shall contain a description of the handgun to be transferred, including the handgun information set forth in subsection (1) of this section, the purchaser's name, firearm permit number, home address, residence phone, occupation, business phone, social security number, business address, sex, age, date of birth, place of birth, height, weight, color of eyes, color of hair, a certification by the seller that he holds a firearm permit, that he has examined the firearm permit of the purchaser and believes it to be valid, that the description on the application correctly describes the handgun to be transferred and that the handgun to be transferred is currently registered in the seller's name. The application shall also include the seller's firearm permit number, the handgun registration certificate number, the seller's name, address, age, residence phone, social security number and his signature. The original shall be forwarded to the Department by the seller within five days of the handgun's transfer; one copy shall be retained by the seller, another by the purchaser. The seller shall attach to the original the handgun registration certificate for the handgun transferred. Pending receipt of the registration certificate, but in no event for any longer than 14 days from date of transfer, the copy of the application to transfer handgun registration certificate shall serve in lieu of the purchaser's certificate of registration.

(3) The applications to transfer handgun registration certificates shall be prepared by the Department and made available to each firearm dealer, the head of the police department of each city in this state, each county sheriff's office, and upon request, to any other person.

(4) If the seller is a licensed dealer, he shall, at the time of the sale, issue a certificate of registration to the purchaser provided to the dealer for that purpose by the Department. The certificate of registration shall include the same information set forth in subsection (5) of this section. The dealer shall forward to the Department a duplicate thereto, together with the report of the handgun transfer.

(5) If the seller is not a licensed dealer, the Department shall, if the seller and purchaser have valid firearm permits, and if both comply with the provisions of subsection (2) of this section, issue the certificate of registration within 10 days of the receipt by the Department of the report of transfer. The handgun registration certificate shall include a certificate number, date registered, description of the handgun registered, including the handgun information set forth in subsection (1) of this section, the registrant's name, firearm permit number, address, sex, age, date of birth, height, weight, a certification that the described handgun has been duly registered in the name of the described registrant, the signature of an authorized Department official and the signature of the certificate holder.

(6) A handgun registration certificate shall expire upon any change of the registrant's name or address unless the registrant shall notify the Department within 30 days of the change.

(7) Each application for a handgun registration certificate, whether original or upon transfer, shall be accompanied by a fee of \$\_\_\_\_\_ for each handgun to be registered.

Section 10. Loss or theft of handgun, firearm permit or handgun registration certificate; reporting requirements. (1) The loss or theft of <sup>a</sup>(handgun), handgun registration certificate or firearm permit shall be reported to the Department by the person from whose possession it was lost or stolen within five days after knowledge of such loss.

(2) A firearm permit or handgun registration certificate found or recovered by a person not the owner or holder thereof shall be delivered or mailed to the Department within five days of such finding or recovery.

(3) A handgun found or recovered by a person not the owner thereof shall be delivered to the nearest city police department or county sheriff's department within five days of such finding or recovery. The city police department or county sheriff's office shall, within 72 hours after receipt of the handgun, submit a report to the Department containing the name and address of the person finding the handgun, date and time the handgun was delivered to the reporting agency, and a complete description of the handgun, including all the handgun registration information set forth in subsection (1) of section 9 of this Article.

Section 11. Dealers firearms transfer register; form and content of register and by whom maintained. (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, every person in the business of selling, leasing or otherwise transferring firearms, whether he is a retail dealer, pawnbroker or otherwise, shall maintain a register in which he shall enter the time, date and place of sale, the purchaser's firearm permit number, the make, model, manufacturer's number and caliber or other marks of identification on the firearm. If the firearm sold is a handgun, the dealer shall comply with the handgun registration certificate requirements of subsection (4) of section 9 of this Article. The register shall be prepared by and obtained from the State Printer in the form provided in subsection (5) of this section, and shall be furnished by the State Printer to the dealer on application at a cost of \$5 per 100 leaves, in duplicate.

(2) The purchaser of any firearm shall be required by the dealer to show a valid firearm permit issued in his name, and to sign his name and affix his address to the register in duplicate. The salesman shall affix his signature in duplicate as a witness to the signature of the purchaser.

(3) The duplicate sheet of the register shall, on the evening of the day of sale, be placed in the mail, postage prepaid, and properly addressed to the Department of the State Police, Salem, Oregon.

(4) This section does not apply to wholesale dealers in their business transactions with retail dealers, nor to the regular or ordinary transportation by wholesale or retail dealers of unloaded firearms as merchandise.

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(5) The register provided for in this section shall be in the following form:

Series No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Sheet No. \_\_\_\_\_

ORIGINAL  
(DEALERS RECORD OF SALE OF FIREARM)  
State of Oregon

Notice to Dealers: This original is for your files. If spoiled in making out, do not destroy. Keep in books. Fill out in triplicate. Carbon duplicate must be mailed on the evening of day of sale to the Oregon State Police. Failure to comply is punishable as a misdemeanor or by forfeiture of dealer's retail firearms license, or both. Use indelible pencil.

Sold by \_\_\_\_\_ Salesman \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_ City \_\_\_\_\_  
Description of firearm \_\_\_\_\_  
Manufacturer \_\_\_\_\_ ID No. \_\_\_\_\_ Caliber \_\_\_\_\_  
Name of purchaser \_\_\_\_\_ Age \_\_\_\_\_  
Firearm permit No. \_\_\_\_\_ If handgun, Registration No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Permanent address \_\_\_\_\_  
Height \_\_\_\_\_ Occupation \_\_\_\_\_  
If traveling, or in locality temporarily, give local address \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of purchaser \_\_\_\_\_  
(Signing a fictitious name or address is a misdemeanor.  
To be signed in duplicate.)

Witness \_\_\_\_\_ (salesman)  
(To be signed in duplicate)

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DUPLICATE  
(DEALERS RECORD OF SALE OF FIREARM)  
State of Oregon

Notice to Dealers: This carbon duplicate must be mailed on the evening of the day of sale as set forth in the original of this register page. Violation of this law is a misdemeanor.

(SAME FORM AS ORIGINAL)



Section 12. Licensing provisions to sell firearms at retail; limitations and conditions. (1) Licensing authorities of any municipality within this state may grant licenses in form prescribed by the Department, effective for not more than one year from date of issue, permitting the licensee to sell firearms at retail within the municipality, subject to the following conditions:

(a) The business shall be carried on only in the building designated in the license.

(b) The license or a certified copy of the original shall be prominently displayed on the premises.

(c) No handgun shall be delivered to a purchaser until 72 hours after the sale is completed and the registration certificate notice mailed to the Department.

(d) When delivered to a buyer, a handgun shall be unloaded and securely wrapped.

(e) No firearm or imitation thereof, or placard advertising the sale or transfer of a firearm, shall be prominently displayed on the premises.

(f) A register of sales and transfers shall be maintained in compliance with the provisions of section 11 of this Article.

(2) Breach of any of the conditions set forth in subsection (1) shall subject the license to forfeiture.

Section 13. Issuance of license to carry a concealed handgun.

(1) Upon satisfactory proof that the applicant is of good moral character and that good cause exists for its issuance, the Department may issue a license to carry a concealed handgun for a period not to exceed one year from date of issue. Payment of a \$3 fee must accompany the application and any subsequent renewal, to be credited to the State Police Firearms Account.

(2) An application for a license shall be filed in writing, signed by the applicant, and shall include the name, firearm permit number, handgun registration certificate number, occupation, residence and business address of the applicant, his fingerprints, age, height, weight, color of eyes and hair, and reason for desiring the license.

(3) A license issued shall include the information required by subsection (2) of this section, and a description of the handgun authorized to be carried, including the information set forth in subsection (1) of section 9 of this Article. Only one license shall be required under this section regardless of the number of handguns owned or possessed by the applicant, provided that each handgun shall be separately identified in the application.

(4) When a license is issued a record of the application and a duplicate of the license shall be maintained by the Department. The applications and licenses shall be uniform throughout the state, upon forms to be prescribed by the Department.

Section 14. Possession of a deadly weapon in the third degree.

(1) A person eligible to obtain a firearm permit under this Article commits the crime of possession of a deadly weapon in the third degree if:

- (a) He knowingly possesses a firearm within this state after \_\_\_\_\_ without having obtained a valid firearm permit;
- (b) He knowingly possesses a handgun within this state after \_\_\_\_\_ without having obtained a registration certificate for the handgun possessed;
- (c) Having been issued a restricted firearm permit, he knowingly possesses a handgun within this state.

(2) Possession of a deadly weapon in the third degree is a \_\_\_\_\_.

Section 15. Possession of a deadly weapon in the second degree.

(1) A person commits the crime of possession of a deadly weapon in the second degree if:

- (a) He knowingly possesses a blackjack, switchblade knife, gravity knife or metallic knuckles;
- (b) Being a convicted felon or misdemeanant ineligible under section 6 of this Article to obtain a firearm permit, he knowingly possesses a firearm other than a handgun within this state.

(2) Possession of a deadly weapon in the second degree is a \_\_\_\_\_.

Section 16. Possession of a deadly weapon in the first degree.

(1) A person commits the crime of possession of a deadly weapon in the first degree if:

(a) He knowingly possesses a machine gun or sawed-off shotgun;

(b) Being a convicted felon or misdemeanant ineligible under section 6 of this Article to obtain a firearm permit, he knowingly possesses a handgun within this state.

(2) Possession of a deadly weapon in the first degree is a

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Section 17. Carrying a concealed weapon in the second degree.

(1) A person commits the crime of carrying a concealed weapon in the second degree if he knowingly carries a knife concealed on or about his person.

(2) Carrying a concealed weapon in the second degree is a

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Section 18. Carrying a concealed weapon in the first degree.

(1) A person commits the crime of carrying a concealed weapon in the first degree if he knowingly and unlawfully carries a handgun concealed on or about his person or concealed in a vehicle that he is driving or occupying.

(2) Carrying a concealed weapon in the first degree is a

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Section 19. Illegal traffic in deadly weapons. (1) A person commits the crime of illegal traffic in deadly weapons if he knowingly:

(a) Transfers a handgun that is not registered in his own name;  
(b) Transfers a firearm or firearm ammunition to a person who does not have a valid firearm permit;

(c) Transfers a blackjack, switchblade knife, gravity knife, metallic knuckles, machine gun or sawed-off shotgun to a person who cannot lawfully own or possess the same.

(2) Illegal traffic in deadly weapons is a \_\_\_\_\_.

Section 20. Illegal use of firearms. (1) A person commits the crime of illegal use of firearms if:

(a) He intentionally aims or points a loaded or unloaded firearm at another person who is within the range of the weapon;

(b) He recklessly or with criminal negligence discharges a firearm or bow and arrow;

(c) He knowingly uses or attempts to use a firearm while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a narcotic or dangerous drug;

(d) He knowingly sets a loaded spring-gun or other trap or device that sets off an explosion in a place where it may be discharged by contact with a person or animal, except that this paragraph does not apply to spring-guns or other traps or devices placed to destroy burrowing rodents, or to predatory animal control work engaged in by employes of county, state or federal governments;

(e) He intentionally discharges a firearm within the Devils Lake area, situated in Lincoln County, west of the center line of East Devils Lake Road and east of the center line of the Oregon Coast Highway from their intersection north of Devils Lake to their intersection south of the lake, or within an area situated in Deschutes County and bounded on the west by a line drawn parallel to the westerly bank of the Deschutes River and one-fourth mile west of the westerly bank, on the east and south by a city limits of the City of Bend, and on the north by a line beginning at a point 100 feet north of the center of the center line of the crest of the North Canal Diversion Dam and extending east and west

*DELETED*

to intersect the east and west boundaries of the areas described in this section.

(2) In addition to imposing a criminal penalty, the court may suspend hunting privileges of any person convicted under this section for a period not to exceed five years from date of conviction.

(3) Illegal use of firearms is a \_\_\_\_\_.



Section 21. Failing to comply with firearm permit or handgun registration requirements. (1) A person commits the crime of failing to comply with firearm permit or handgun registration requirements if:

(a) He intentionally fails or refuses to return his firearm permit to the Department within five days after receiving notice of its suspension or revocation;

(b) He intentionally fails or refuses to transfer all firearms in his possession within 10 days after receiving notice that his application for a firearm permit has been denied, or that his existing permit has been suspended or revoked, subject however, to the exceptions set forth in subsections (3) and (4) of section 8 of this Article;

(c) Having been issued a firearm permit he intentionally fails or refuses within 10 days of its occurrence to report to the Department that he has suffered one of the disabilities set forth in section 6 of this Article;

(d) He intentionally fails or refuses within five days after knowledge of its loss to report to the Department the loss or theft of his firearm permit, <sup>Amended</sup> a handgun registered in his name or a handgun registration certificate issued in his name;

(e) Having found or recovered a handgun, firearm permit or handgun registration certificate belonging to another, he intentionally fails or refuses to comply with the reporting requirements of section 10 of this Article;

(f) He knowingly loans or gives his firearm permit or handgun registration certificate to another;

(g) He knowingly borrows or uses the firearm permit or handgun registration certificate of another.

(2) Failing to comply with firearm permit or handgun registration requirements is a \_\_\_\_\_.

Section 22. Illegal traffic in destructive devices. (1) A person commits the crime of illegal traffic in destructive devices if he knowingly acquires, possesses, transfers or transports a destructive device within this state.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, "destructive device" includes:

(a) Any projectile containing explosive, incendiary or poison gas material, including, but not limited to tracer or incendiary ammunition;

(b) Any explosive, incendiary or poison gas bomb, grenade, missile, mine or any launching device therefor ;

(c) Any weapon of a caliber greater than .60 caliber which fires fixed ammunition other than a shotgun or shotgun ammunition;

(d) Any explosive, incendiary or poison gas rocket, rocket-propelled projectile, or similar device of a diameter greater than .60 inch or any launching device therefor.

(3) The term "destructive device" does not include tracer ammunition manufactured for use in shotguns, devices designed primarily for emergency or distress signalling purposes, or projectiles designed exclusively for firework displays.

(4) This section shall not be effective until 60 days after the effective date of this Article.

(5) Illegal traffic in destructive devices is a \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_.

Section 23. Defacing a firearm. (1) A person commits the crime of defacing a firearm if he intentionally defaces a handgun or machine gun.

(2) Possession of a defaced handgun or machine gun is prima facie evidence that it was defaced by the possessor.

(3) Defacing a firearm is a \_\_\_\_\_.

Section 24. Furnishing explosives to a minor. (1) A person commits the crime of furnishing explosives to a minor if he knowingly sells or furnishes bulk gunpowder, dynamite, blasting caps or nitro-glycerine to a person less than 18 years of age, without the written consent of the minor's parent or lawful guardian.

(2) Furnishing explosives to a minor is a \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_.

Section 25. Defenses. (1) In any prosecution under paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 15 or paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 16 of this Article, it is a defense that at the time of the alleged offense the actor was a person defined in subsection (1), (2), (3), (4) or (6) of section 2 of this Article.

(2) In any prosecution under section 17 or 18 of this Article, it is a defense that at the time of the alleged offense the actor was:

(a) A person defined in subsection (1), (2), (3), (4), ~~(5)~~ or (6) of section <sup>24</sup> of this Article;

(b) A member of a duly authorized military or veterans' organization engaged in an authorized function;

(c) A member of a club or organization formed for the purpose of practicing shooting at targets upon a public or private target range, while the members thereof are using firearms upon such target range;

(d) A person <sup>delete</sup> (carrying or) concealing a handgun or deadly weapon in his home or place of business, <sup>delete</sup> or on property he owns or controls.)

(3) In any prosecution under paragraph (a) or ~~(c)~~ of subsection (1) of section 20 of this Article, it is a defense that at the time of the alleged offense the actor was a person defined in subsection (1), (2), (3) or (6) of section 2 of this Article.

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(4) In any prosecution under section 22 of this Article, it is a defense that at the time of the alleged offense the actor was:

- (a) A person defined in subsection (1), (2), (3), (4), *Art 24*  
(5) or (6) of section 2 of this Article;
- (b) A motion picture or television studio using destructive devices in the conduct of its business;
- (c) A fireman, as defined in section 1, Article 24, while on duty and acting within the scope and course of his employment.

