### **HOUSE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY**

#### SUBCOMMITTEE ON CIVIL LAW

April 27, 2005 Hearing Room 357

8:30 A.M. Tapes 66 - 69

**Corrected 10/12/05** 

MEMBERS PRESENT:	Rep. Bob Ackerman, Chair
Rep. Linda Flores	

Rep. Bill Garrard

**Rep. Kelley Wirth** 

**GUEST MEMBERS:** 

Rep. Wayne Krieger Rep. Greg Macpherson

**Rep. Jeff Barker** 

Rep. Andy Olson

STAFF PRESENT: Sam Sears, Counsel

Louann Rahmig, Committee Assistant

**MEASURES/ISSUES HEARD:** 

HJR 31 – Public Hearing and Work Session HM 4 – Public Hearing and Work Session HB 2912 – Public Hearing HB 2662 – Work Session HB 2888 – Public Hearing These minutes are in compliance with Senate and House Rules. <u>Only text enclosed in quotation</u> <u>marks reports a speaker's exact words.</u> For complete contents, please refer to the tapes.

TAPE/#	Speaker	Comments
TAPE 66,	Α	
004	Chair Ackerman	Calls the meeting to order at 8:38 a.m. and explains the procedures to accommodate legislators wishing to testify.
010	Chair Ackerman	Opens a public hearing on HJR 31.
<u>HJR 31 –</u>	PUBLIC HEARING	
013	Michael Gillette	Senior Associate Justice, Oregon Supreme Court. Testifies in opposition to HJR 31. Reminds members that judges must run for election every six years and can be recalled. Describes the authority of the Commission on Judicial Fitness and Disability that has responsibility for considering complaints against judges and the power to remove judges from office. Adds that judges in this state must be active members of the bar, so if disbarred or suspended, automatically loses the right to sit as a judge.
066	Gillette	Continues that people who have lost lawsuits and are dissatisfied with the system believe judges are not following the law.
093	Gillette	States that another process is not necessary. Cites informal conversations with colleagues on the Supreme Court whose feelings are the same.
115	Gillette	Describes his research on the impeachment process which showed there are a few other states that do not have impeachment powers.
137	Rep. Garrard	Believes HJR 31 is about accountability and doesn't think it had the Supreme Court in mind. Asks what other source of accountability the public has.
160	Gillette	

		Replies, appeal. Describes the appellate process. Advises that there are actually two levels of appeal to identify and correct mistakes.
181	Rep. Macpherson	Reads from HJR 31 what he feels are the operative words on the standard for which a public official may be impeached. Asks for examples of malfeasance or negligence. Seems negligence invokes the law of torts, and malfeasance is so broad it lacks meaning.
192	Gillette	Responds that the irony is that eventually someone will have to resort to the Judiciary for the definition of those terms. Defines what malfeasance and negligence mean in the ordinary parlance in the law. Is not sure what the terms mean in HJR 31. Continues that impeachment has always been a political act.
235	Rep. Flores	Asks if his conclusion that HJR 31 came from those who have lost lawsuits is based on conversations with those people or if it is from the research done with the impeachment movement.
244	Gillette	Responds, from both. Is not questioning the sincerity or honesty of the people who support measures such as this.
265	Rep. Flores	Asks if he sees HJR 31 as a constitutional impediment to performing his duties.
269	Gillette	Replies that he uses the term in the broadest sense and perhaps institutional impediment is more appropriate.
278	Chair Ackerman	Closes the public hearing on HJR 31 and opens a public hearing on HM 4 which requests that Oregon's United States Senators work to ensure expeditious Senate action on Supreme Court nominations.
<u>HM 4 – P</u>	UBLIC HEARING	
285	Rep. Max Sumner	House District 18. Testifies in support of HM 4. Reads a portion of the memorial.
319	Chair Ackerman	Raises concern with wording regarding activist judges and strict interpretation of the Constitution. Continues that the President should have the unimpeded authority to appoint judges subject to Senate confirmation. Cites some of the language that should be modified or stricken.

335	Rep. Sumner	Agrees as it doesn't serve a great purpose. Adds that if the President chooses a qualified judge, all this memorial suggests is that the Senate take the matter under consideration and vote for or withhold approval. Has no problem with removing some of the potentially damaging words.
348	Chair Ackerman	Suggests working with Rep. Sumner on some language to present to the full committee.
360	Chair Ackerman	Closes the public hearing on HM 4 and opens a public hearing on HB 2912.

# HB 2912 – PUBLIC HEARING

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374	Sam Sears	Counsel. Explains HB 2912 which prohibits a public body from substantially burdening a person's free exercise of religion, including when the burden results from the application of a rule of general applicability, unless the public body meets the burdens of providing evidence and persuading the trier of fact that the imposition of the burden furthers a compelling government interest and is the least restrictive means of furthering that compelling government interest. Continues that HB 2912 attempts to model the standard that would bring the Free Exercise Clause back into conformance with the pre- Smith decision.
400	Rep. Gordon Anderson	House District 3. Testifies in support of HB 2912. Provides history of attempts by some leaders to force their ideas on others at great cost. Believes that religious freedom needs to be protected.
<b>TAPE 67,</b> <i>A</i>	A	
035	Rep. Anderson	Continues that although Christianity has been the host culture in America, our freedoms allow any person to practice their beliefs without inhibition. Testifies that HB 2912 protects that freedom to exercise all religions.
051	Rep. Dave Hunt	House District 40. Testifies and submits written testimony in support of HB 2912 (EXHIBIT A). Provides additional background on HB 2912. Discusses two clauses in the U. S. Constitution that impact religion.

071	Rep. Hunt	Continues that over the last 50 years this has been an increasingly spiritually diverse country. Refers to <b>EXHIBIT A</b> which discusses some issues under the establishment clause in the Constitution. Discusses the free exercise clause, which is the subject of HB 2912.
108	Rep. Hunt	Advises that the Religious Freedom Restoration Act was passed in 1993 almost unanimously and restored the compelling government interest standard. Indicates that HB 2912 is supported by a broad range of religious groups and is opposed by a wide range of government interests.
128	Rep. Macpherson	Asks what problems we are trying to solve in Oregon.
135	Rep. Hunt	Gives examples of some cases encountered.
163	Rep. Hunt	States that issues related to land use have been taken out of HB 2912 as those are covered in other legislation.
176	Rep. Barker	Refers to one of the examples described by Rep. Hunt. Explains the actual problems with feeding the homeless in the City of Portland. Asks for an opinion if HB 2912 would apply in a theoretical example cited.
188	Rep. Hunt	Understands that the City of Portland limited the attendance at a Sunday service.
195	Chair Ackerman	Cites a theoretic example of a landlord refusal to rent to an unmarried coupled based on religiously held convictions, and the prospective tenants sue the landlord. Asks if HB 2912 would prohibit such actions.
207	Rep. Hunt	Responds that the question would best be answered by a Constitutional attorney. Believes that HB 2912 relates to the government restricting the exercise of religion. Is not sure how HB 2912 would apply to individuals.
215	Rep. Anderson	Adds that the example deals with the rights of two different parties, and the judges would have to decide on whose rights would prevail.
221	Chair Ackerman	Closes the public hearing on HB 2912 and opens a work session on HB 2662.

### HB 2662 – WORK SESSION

233	Sam Sears	Counsel. Explains HB 2662 which prohibits the Employment Department from disqualifying individuals who are victims, or parents and guardians of minor children who are victims, of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking from receiving unemployment benefits if those individuals leave work or avoid other available work in order to protect themselves or their minor children from further domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Describes the changes in the -4 amendments ( <b>EXHIBIT B</b> ).
257	Rep. Garrard	MOTION: Moves to ADOPT HB 2662-4 amendments dated 3/15/05.
		VOTE: 3-0-1
		EXCUSED: 1 – Flores
259	Chair Ackerman	Hearing no objection, declares the motion CARRIED.
262	Rep. Garrard	MOTION: Moves HB 2662 to the full committee with a DO PASS AS AMENDED recommendation.
266	Rep. Wirth	Supports HB 2662 and states it is vital to get passed this session.
272		VOTE: 3-0-1
		AYE: In a roll call vote, all members present vote Aye.
		EXCUSED: 1 – Flores
277	Chair Ackerman	The motion CARRIES.
		REP. GARRARD will lead discussion in the full committee.
278	Chair Ackerman	Closes the work session on HB 2662 and opens a public hearing on HM 4.
<u>HM 4 - PU</u>	BLIC HEARING	

297 Jason Williams Executive Director, Taxpayers Association of Oregon. Testifies in support of HM 4. Does not wish to see any changes to the wording;

		however, if the committee wishes to change "activist" to "overreaching" or something similar, they would agree.
331	Rep. Barker	Asks how many judge nominees President Bush has made and how many not allowed.
335	Williams	Replies that he doesn't have the number, but it is lower than it should be. Refers to nine appellate court nominees now under delay.
342	Rep. Barker	Inquires if President Clinton got all his in.
350	Williams	Answers that there were delays but the situation has gotten worse.
377	Steven Green	Professor, Willamette Law School. Testifies in opposition to HM 4. Advises that there are activist judges on both sides. Continues that many of President Clinton's judicial nominees were opposed on ideological grounds.
421	Rep. Flores	Asks for some examples of the use of the filibuster technique in the Clinton administration and other administrations.
TAPE 66,	В	
003	Green	Responds that he did not come prepared with specific examples, but it
		is not an uncommon practice. Continues that many nominations die in committee due to failure of a full committee to vote.
017	Chair Ackerman	is not an uncommon practice. Continues that many nominations die
	Chair Ackerman 2 <mark>0RK SESSION</mark>	<ul><li>is not an uncommon practice. Continues that many nominations die in committee due to failure of a full committee to vote.</li><li>Closes the public hearing on HM 4. States his opposition to HM 4 as written and plans to propose an amendment for consideration by the</li></ul>
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<u>HM 4 – W</u>	ORK SESSION	<ul> <li>is not an uncommon practice. Continues that many nominations die in committee due to failure of a full committee to vote.</li> <li>Closes the public hearing on HM 4. States his opposition to HM 4 as written and plans to propose an amendment for consideration by the full committee. Opens a work session on HM 4.</li> <li>MOTION: Moves HM 4 to the full committee with a BE</li> </ul>

			a waste of resources to be spending time on this rged statement. Does not plan to support in the full
042	Rep. Garrard	States that issues of freedom of speech are both subjective and objective. Reminds the committee that the arguments heard are subjective.	
044		VOTE: 3-1-(	)
		AYE:	3 - Flores, Garrard, Ackerman
		NAY:	1 – Wirth
047	Chair Ackerman	The motion (	CARRIES.
		REP. GARR	ARD will lead discussion in the full committee.
052	Chair Ackerman	Closes the wo 31.	rk session on HM 4 and opens a public hearing on HJR
<u>HJR 31 – 1</u>	PUBLIC HEARING		
061	Sam Sears	Oregon Const impeach certa for impeachm	lains HJR 31, which proposes an amendment to the itution to allow the House of Representatives to in elected or appointed state officials; specifies grounds ent; requires trial by Senate. Describes the -1 <b>EXHIBIT C)</b> and the -2 amendments <b>(EXHIBIT D)</b> .
078	Erin Thurber	personal back	oks, Oregon. Testifies in support of HJR 31. Provides ground. Cites specific cases from information provided tee at the previous public hearing.
130	Thurber	already in fore would be disn	ice Gillette's testimony on preventative measures ce. States that under HJR 31 frivolous complaints hissed early in the process. Cites the <i>Book of States</i> hformation on the states with impeachment powers.
179	Rep. Jeff Kropf	amendments. Advises that H	t 17. Testifies in support of HJR 31 and the -1 and -2 Informs that the issue would be referred to the voters. HJR 31 does not change or remove the recall law but her tool the citizens can use to express their opinion.

		Concludes that recalls work well at the local level but are difficult at the state level.
221	Layne Barlow	Oregon Men's Association. Testifies and submits written testimony in support of HJR 31 (EXHIBIT E). Refers to ORS 107.425 that says a judge has the option of meeting with a child of parents who are divorcing or separating, but the meeting must be recorded. Continues that judges are having private discussions and making rulings from unrecorded meetings.
260	Barlow	Comments on the Commission on Judicial Fitness and Disability and provides membership information.
272	Barlow	Concludes that the -1 amendments took care of their concern on how to start the process. Urges disapproval of the -2 amendments as they talk about appointing a special prosecutor.
291	Rep. Wirth	Asks if the cases cited in the written testimony (EXHIBIT E) are all related to family law.
297	Barlow	Replies, all but one.
298	Rep. Wirth	Seeks clarification that by suspending these laws, the outcome of the rulings was unfair to one party as opposed to the other.
303	Barlow	Answers, absolutely. Restates a judge's decision based on a private, unrecorded conversation.
314	Rep. Wirth	Asks if the rulings were to the noncustodial parent's detriment and in favor of the custodial parent.
320	Barlow	Responds that their association doesn't just represent fathers. Continues that not all the cases were custody cases and corrects earlier response that all but two are family law cases. Advises that one case went all the way to the Supreme Court.
335	Rep. Wirth	Asks if the standing law would have been in favor of noncustodial parents.
343	Barlow	Answers, no. Provides information on cases and reiterates that if the law says "shall" there is no discretion.

372	Rep. Wirth	Inquires if there is an equal number of cases where laws were suspended and went against the association's members.
378	Barlow	Responds that there are many more cases than presented.
381	Rep. Garrard	Asks if the association's position is politically motivated.
TAPE 67, I	3	
007	Barlow	Replies, absolutely.
009	Rep. Krieger	States that he was offended by Judge Gillette's comments when he implied that those who support HJR 31 were losers. Continues that the judge also impugned those who support HJR 31 and wonders if he would allow anyone to impugn him in his court room without having something to say. States that as chair of the House Judiciary Committee he has always tried to have an open, fair and respectful process. Believes the same process is needed in the court room.
032	Chair Ackerman	Relinquishes the gavel to testify.
039	Rep. Bob Ackerman	House District 13. Testifies and submits written testimony in opposition to HJR 31 (EXHIBIT F). States that he researched constitutional and civil and criminal law to determine what methods are already available to remove public officials from office. Reads from a prepared statement and refers to several articles in the Oregon Constitution.
076	Rep. Ackerman	Summarizes the different ways an official can be removed from office. Advises that impeachment extends to agency heads who are not publicly elected.
092	Rep. Flores	Asks about the reference to Article II, Section 7 of the Oregon Constitution in <b>EXHIBIT F</b> which refers to a very specific incident and appears not to reach the broad concern brought forward in HJR 31.
101	Rep. Ackerman	Replies that it is a narrow recital of grounds but wanted to point it out as one of the alternatives.
109	Chair Ackerman	Closes the public hearing and opens a work session on HJR 31.

# HJR 31 – WORK SESSION

115	Chair Ackerman	MOTION: Moves HJR 31 to the full committee with a DO NOT ADOPT RECOMMENDATION.	
118	Rep. Macpherson	Concurs with the chair's views on the resolution but believes it should be moved forward to the full committee.	
125	Rep. Wirth	Asks if amendments should be considered.	
128	Chair Ackerman	Responds that he is not processing any amendments by motion.	
129	Rep. Wirth	States opposition to the motion.	
132	Rep. Flores	Requests clarification that the motion is to move HJR 31 to the full committee with a do not pass recommendation.	
138	Chair Ackerman	Responds that if the motion fails, another motion can be made to forward to the full committee with a do pass recommendation.	
140	Chair Ackerman	Restates his motion to move HJR 31 to the full committee with a do not pass recommendation.	
142		VOTE: 1-3-0	
		AYE: 1 - Ackerman	
		NAY: <b>3 - Flores, Garrard, Wirth</b>	
148	Chair Ackerman	The motion FAILS.	
153	Rep. Flores	MOTION: Moves HJR 31 to the full committee with a BE ADOPTED recommendation.	
155	Rep. Garrard	Points out that the -2 amendments need to be acted upon.	
158	Rep. Flores	Withdraws her motion.	
161	Rep. Garrard	MOTION: Moves to ADOPT HJR 31-2 amendments dated 4/22/05.	

VOTE: 4	4-0-0
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163	Chair Ackerman	Hearing no objection, declares the motion CARRIED.
164	Rep. Flores	MOTION: Moves HJR 31 to the full committee with a BE ADOPTED AS AMENDED recommendation.
167	Rep. Wirth	States she will cast a courtesy vote to move to the full committee.
170		VOTE: 3-1-0
		AYE: <b>3 - Flores, Garrard, Wirth</b>
		NAY: 1 - Ackerman
176	Chair Ackerman	The motion CARRIES.
178	Chair Ackerman	Closes the work session on HJR 31 and opens a public hearing on HB 2888.
<u>HB 2888</u>	8 – PUBLIC HEARING	3
187	Sam Sears	Counsel. Describes HB 2888 which requires a court to consider the geographical distance between the parents when determining custody of their minor child in a domestic relations case. Continues that currently the court is directed to give primary consideration to the best interest and welfare of the child, using the criteria in ORS 107.137.
190	Sally Royston	Resident, West Linn, Oregon. Testifies and submits written testimony in support of HB 2888 (EXHIBIT G). Reads the circumstances surrounding her custody battle from a prepared statement.
269	Royston	Continues reading from written testimony.
307	Royston	Concludes by urging support of HB 2888.
320	Chair Ackerman	

Explains that HB 2888 adds one more factor to the determination of custody, and the focus needs to be on that. Advises that the committee needs to know how HB 2888 will help or hinder.

330	Jan Erickson	Resident, West Linn, Oregon. Testifies in support of HB 2888.
374	Rep. Wirth	Seeks clarification that both parents lived in Portland at the time of the custody award so geographical distance was not a consideration.
387	Royston	Responds that the father was going to move out of state for employment.
390	Rep. Wirth	Asks if, at the time of the second decision, the judge knew the father would not be living nearby.
397	Royston	Answers, yes.
399	Rep. Wirth	Comments that it appears geographic distance was considered in the appeal but the much bigger problem was relocation after the custody decision.
421	Royston	States that originally the father was unemployed and likely would move out of state.
TAPE 68, A		
011	Rep. Scott Bruun	House District 37. Testifies and submits written testimony in support of HB 2888 (EXHIBIT H). Believes the wording should be open so the court can have discretion, but geographic distance needs to be a consideration and is good public policy.
058	Rep. Macpherson	Comments that the wording doesn't quite get at the problem trying to be solved as geographic separation is equal between the parents. Believes that connection to a place is important to nurturing children.
067	Rep. Bruun	Responds with a personal example. Agrees that perhaps the language can be clarified.
086	Rep. Wirth	Asks if consideration should be to the parent most likely staying in the place of origin.

095	Rep. Bruun	Responds that the court needs flexibility and discretion, and geographic location is one factor to be considered. Asserts that the best interests of the children are paramount.
126	Rep. Flores	Refers to language in HB 2888 that seems to give weight to the location consideration, but it is not the overriding one. Believes HB 2888 is trying to address the best interests of the child.
The following prepared testimony is submitted for the record without public testimony:		
	Lauren Saucy	Family Law Section, Oregon State Bar. Submits written testimony in opposition to HB 2888 (EXHIBIT L).
147	Chair Ackerman	Closes the public hearing on HB 2888 and opens a public hearing on

HB 2912.

# HB 2912- PUBLIC HEARING

158	Steven Green	Professor, Willamette Law School. Testifies and submits written testimony as neutral on HB 2912 (EXHIBIT I). Does not see an overwhelming need for HB 2912. Comments that private action would be affected, not just state action. Indicates that an amendment to change the standard of review from strict scrutiny to intermediate scrutiny is a good compromise.
211	Rep. Macpherson	Asks if there is a problem in Oregon that needs to be addressed.
216	Green	Does not see any ground swell of problems. Continues that most of the claims that arise do not represent substantial burdens, or are accommodated informally.
261	Greg Hamilton	President, Northwest Religious Liberty Association. Testifies and submits written testimony in support of HB 2912 (EXHIBIT J) and a booklet <i>State Religious Freedom Restoration Acts</i> (EXHIBIT K). Cites some legal cases.
302	Hamilton	Continues reading from a prepared statement.
333	Hamilton	Refers to the1999 Sunnyside Methodist Church situation when it was disproved that the church was being indifferent to the needs of the community. Discusses fair housing.

#### **TAPE 69, A**

008	Robert Castagna	Executive Director, Oregon Catholic Conference. Testifies in support of HB 2912. Advises that the United Methodist Church, Oregon- Idaho Conference also supports HB 2912. Refers to the Sunnyside Methodist Church meal program for the homeless and the taping of a confession several years ago, when both religious bodies were put to significant effort and expense to uphold their religious free exercise claims.
028	Sam Sears	Counsel. Asks if a court finds there is a substantial burden placed on someone's religion based on some law, what standard of review is used.
032	Castagna	Answers that he understands it is a lower standard of review, following a similar standard of the U. S. Supreme Court law of general applicability mutually applied.
036	Sears	Inquires if the court distinguishes between an incidental burden and a substantial burden, or if that test no longer used.
038	Castagna	Replies, may depend on the factual circumstances.
The following prepared testimony is submitted for the record without public testimony:		
	Dorothy Karman	The Oregon Christian Home Education Association Network. Submits written testimony in support of HB 2912 (EXHIBIT M).
041	Chair Ackerman	Closes the public hearing on HB 2912 and adjourns the meeting at 10:57 a.m.

## **EXHIBIT SUMMARY**

- A. HB 2912, written testimony, Rep. Dave Hunt, 2 pp
- B. HB 2662, -4 amendments, staff, 1 p
- C. HJR 31, -1 amendments, staff, 2 pp
- D. HJR 31, -2 amendments, staff, 2 pp
- E. HJR 31, written testimony, Layne Barlow, 3 pp

- F. HJR 31, written testimony, Rep. Bob Ackerman, 2 pp
- G. HB 2888, written testimony, Sally Royston, 3 pp
- H. HB 2888, written testimony, Rep. Scott Bruun, 1 p
- I. HB 2912, written testimony, Steven Green, 3 pp
- J. HB 2912, written testimony, Greg Hamilton, 4 pp
- K. HB 2912, booklet, Greg Hamilton, 18 pp
- L. HB 2888, written testimony, Lauren Saucy, 2 pp
- M. HB 2912, written testimony, Dorothy Karman, 4 pp