HOUSE COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND PUBLIC ADVOCACY

February 13, 2001 Hearing Room D 1:30 P.M. Tapes 18 - 22

MEMBERS PRESENT: Rep. Jeff Kruse, Chair

Rep. Phil Barnhart Rep. Bill Garrard Rep. Jerry Krummel

Rep. Jan Lee

Rep. Laurie Monnes-Anderson

Rep. Bill Morrisette Rep. Carolyn Tomei Rep. Cherryl Walker

MEMBER EXCUSED:

STAFF PRESENT: Diane Lewis, Committee Administrator

Rachel Brown, Committee Assistant

MEASURE/ISSUES HEARD: SJR 8- Public Hearing and Work Session

HCR 3- Public Hearing and Work Session HB 2247- Public Hearing and Work Session HB 2249- Public Hearing and Work Session

HB 2469- Public Hearing and Work Session

HB 2105- Public Hearing and Work Session HB 2498- Public Hearing and Work Session

These minutes are in compliance with Senate and House Rules. Only text enclosed in quotation marks reports a speaker's exact words. For complete contents, please refer to the tapes.

TAPE/#	Speaker	Comments
TAPE 18,	A	
004	Chair Kruse	Calls the meeting to order at 1:35 p.m. and opens a public hearing on SJR 8.
SJR 8- PU	BLIC HEARING	· ·
012	Sen. Gordly	Senate District 10. Testifies in favor of SJR 8. Speaks in honor of Josiah Hill III and his humanitarian work. Reminds the committee that the declared 'Josiah Hill III Day' is this February
		20 th that is also Mr. Hill's birthday.
042	Sen. Gordly	Acknowledges the work of Josiah Hill III as a health activist and advocate for economic justice. Explains that Mr. Hill worked to make communities aware of the dangers of lead in drinking water and its negative affect on children. States that Mr. Hill was the most influential person ever in this issue area.
114	Bruce M. Watts	Executive director of the Coalition of Black Men. Speaks in favor of SJR 8. Honors Mr. Hill by discussing his many contributions to society. Wishes to bring to light the importance of supporting young black boys in leading positive lives. Describes how Mr. Hill encouraged black men to volunteer in schools. Asserts that Mr. Hill always worked for justice,

169	Lolenzo Poe	especially within the African American community. Honors Mr. Hill's wife, Martha Hill, as an equally strong woman. Founder and chairman of the Coalition of Black Men. Testifies in favor of SJR 8. Speaks of Mr. Hill's heroic efforts in the encouragement of students of color, in his tireless efforts to rid
290	Jennifer Webber	schools of violence, and of his unending work on a variety of health issues. Represents the Oregon Society of Physician Assistants. Submits written testimony in support of SJR 8 (EXHIBIT A). Explains that Josiah Hill III was the first formally trained physician
312	Ian Timm	assistant to be licensed in the state of Oregon. Executive director of the Oregon Primary Care Association. Testifies in favor of SJR 8.
319	Chair Kruse	Closes the public hearing on SJR 8 and opens a work session on SJR 8.
SJR 8- WORI	Z SESSION	
320	Rep. Krummel	MOTION: Moves SJR 8 be sent to the floor with a BE ADOPTED recommendation.
		VOTE: 9-0
		AYE: In a roll call vote, all members present vote Aye.
	Chair Kruse	Hearing no objection, declares the motion CARRIED. REP. BOWMAN will lead discussion on the floor.
339	Rep. Walker	Appreciates the testimony surrounding SJR 8 and the chance to hear about the life of Josiah Hill III.
353	Chair Kruse	Closes the work session on SJR 8 and opens a public hearing on HCR 3
HCR 3- PUBI	LIC HEARING	
360	Sen. Fisher	Testifies in support of HCR 3.
TAPE 19, A		•
002	Sen. Fisher	Continues testimony by talking about the life and service of the former Representative Verner J. Anderson.
040	Vice-Chair	Closes the public hearing on HCR 3 and opens a work session on
	Morrisette,	HCR 3.
HCR 3- WOR	K SESSION	
043	Rep. Krummel	MOTION: Moves HCR 3 be sent to the floor with a BE ADOPTED recommendation.
		VOTE: 8-0
		AYE: In a roll call vote, all members present vote Aye.
		EXCUSED: 1 - Kruse
	Via Chain	
	Vice-Chair	The motion CARRIES.
	Morrisette	REP. KRUSE will lead discussion on the floor.
080	Vice-Chair	Closes the Work Session on HCR 3 and opens a Public Hearing
	Morrisette	on HB 2469.
HB 2469- PUI	BLIC HEARING	
085	Gary Allen	Represents the Oregon Dental Health Coalition. Submits and presents written testimony in favor of HB 2469 (EXHIBIT B).
		 Oregon has a provider shortage due to strict licensure regulations
		HB 2469 will provide a reasonable means for qualified dentists to be livered in Organ without incomplining the

128 Allen

dentists to be licensed in Oregon without jeopardizing the dental health of Oregon citizens

Concludes testimony by stating that he supports the –1 amendments.

197	Rep. Tomei	Asks if the Oregon Dental Health Coalition belongs to the Board of Dentistry.
200	Allen	Responds that the Governor selects the board of dentistry and that none of the coalition's members could be on the board
207	Rep. Tomei	unless appointed by the Governor. Asks if members of the Oregon Dental Health Coalition theoretically could be members.
208	Allen	Responds that the coalition members are eligible for the Board and members are selected by the Governor.
213	Rep. Garrard	Asks how the Western regional exam compares with other regional exams.
217	Allen	Responds that there are differences between the four regional exams, but that the differences are subtle.
231	Rep. Monnes- Anderson	States that the Board of Dentistry recognizes two of the four regional exams and asks if HB 2469 would preclude the board's evaluation of the two not yet accepted regional exams. Adds that she is concerned the Board of Dentistry's power would be diminished as a result.
247	Allen	Responds that the evaluation process is painstakingly slow and Oregon continues to lose qualified dentists.
282	Rep. Krummel	Asks if there is a length of time in which someone shadows a new dentist in Oregon.
285	Allen	Responds that there is normally not someone who shadows a new dentists are not shadowed
304	Clayton Stearns	Represents the Oregon Board of Dentistry. Submits and presents written testimony in opposition to HB 2469 (EXHIBIT C).
		The board has an obligation to assure that any person holding a license as a dentist or dental hygienist in Oregon has proven their clinical competency, through successful passage of an examination conducted by fair and objective examiners using proven valid and reliable examination principle.
400	Rep. Monnes- Anderson	Asks what other regional licenses are accepted by Oregon.
TAPE 18, B		
006	Stearns	Refers to page 2 of his submitted testimony in explaining that all the states colored red on the map are states from which Oregon generally accepts licensure, but that there are exceptions.
018	Rep. Monnes- Anderson	Asks if exams taken in states not colored red on the map are in certain times accepted.
025	Stearns	Responds that there are exceptions taken in certain cases.
030	Rep. Garrard	Asks why the Board of Dentistry is not assisting Oregon in finding more dentists to fill its shortage.
040	Stearns	Responds that the geographical area of recognition has recently doubled. States that Oregon isn't as badly off as other states as far as a shortage of dentists goes, but agrees that the problem does need to be addressed in a rational and reasonable manner.
064	Rep. Krummel	Asks if there is a background check conducted on potential licensees.
067	Stearns	Responds that a background check is performed.
069	Rep. Krummel	Asks how it is possible for a dentist from another state, from which Oregon does not accept licensure, to become licensed in this state.

081	Stearns	Responds that licensure would be completed through thorough
084	Rep. Krummel	Asks what makes Oregon different so those newcomers, leaving established practices in other states, cannot practice without first
093	Stearns	being extensively tested. Responds that licensure in Oregon is a difficult and unusual problem. Asks the question that if a dentist was trained 20 years ago then
107 117	Rep. Krummel Stearns	is that dentist still competent today to practice freely? Asks if there is someone to shadow new dentists in Oregon. Responds that there is no shadowing of new dentists in Oregon. Adds that a dentist practices on his or her own without the intervention of any governing body and without review unless complaint is filed against the dentist.
133	Rep. Barnhart	Asks how long the board will take to review regional tests it may consider accepting.
147	Stearns	Responds that he is not privy to this information.
165	Rep. Barnhart	Asks what the timeline is for this review.
170	Stearns	Responds that the board has begun this process but because of the detailed criterion involved in the review, it will take time to come to an agreement. Believes that regional testing agencies need to come to a decision as well and hopefully create a nationwide single exam. Foresees this taking 10 years.
193	Rep. Tomei	Asks if Mr. Stearns is concerned with the lack of oversight of new dentists starting practices in Oregon.
203	Stearms	Responds that he is personally concerned with this issue.
204	Rep. Tomei	Asks what the dental exam consists of that is given to those who
206 255	Stearns James Hicks	wish to practice in Oregon. Responds that examination in Oregon is done on "general licensure level" and "specialist licensure level". Represents the Oregon Dental Health Coalition. Submits and
	VIII.	presents written testimony in favor of HB 2469 (EXHIBIT D). The Oregon Board of Medicare Examiners has had many years experience licensing physicians from other states to practice in Oregon on the basis of their credentials and has witnessed no adverse impact in the health of Oregon's citizens as a result
310	Dr. Whitney Payne	Free-movement of dentists to Oregon needs to be supported Dental Director for the State of Oregon, Oregon Health Division, Department of Human Services. Submits and presents written testimony in support of HB 2469 (EXHIBIT E).
		The Health Division believes the change in the dental licensing process will improve access to oral health care by reducing a barrier to recruitment, and thereby increasing the number of dentists in Oregon.
TAPE 20, B 020	Rep. Krummel	Asks for a personal opinion from Dr. Payne as to what he thinks
035	Payne	about those doctors and dentists that have practiced for years and have not taken an exam or had an evaluation done. Responds that he believes that obtaining licensure after a clinical practice has been established is an archaic and parochial
040	Chair Kruse	necessity for dentists in Oregon. Closes the public hearing on HB 2469 and opens a public

hearing on 2105.

HB 2105-	PUBLIC HEARING	·
043	Damara Paris	Program Manager of the Public Utility Commission of Oregon. Submits and presents written testimony in favor of HB 2105 (EXHIBIT F).
		 It is more efficient to have telecommunication access programs for both disabled and low-income people housed under one agency rather than having each program handled by different agencies or organizations
		 The State of Oregon, the FCC and Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) have policies or mandates that telecommunications services will be accessible to all
132	Paris	Concludes testimony by stating that HB 2105 will make life easier for those with hearing imparities and for those with low incomes.
160	Rep. Monnes- Anderson	Asks what percentage of the population in the U.S. is deaf.
165	Paris	Responds that 9% of the American population is deaf or hard of hearing.
170	Rep. Monnes- Anderson	Provides a personal anecdote of her deaf sister and their relationship.
181	Bob Williams	Represents Self-Help for the Hard of Hearing in Oregon. Testifies in favor of HB 2105. Gives his hearing history and discusses the instruments he has used to assist his hearing disability. Advocates for hard of hearing people, especially those with cochlear implants like himself, to use cell phones. Believes that more than 10% of the general population has lost a percentage of its hearing.
221	Williams	Asserts that the services HB 2105 supports, help to boost the economy and business sector of the state because the services enable deaf people to use the telephone to make business transactions, etc.
268	Dr. Mitchell Turban	Represents the Oregon Hard of Hearing and Deaf Alliance and Self-Help for Hard of Hearing People in Oregon. Testifies in support of HB 2105. States that he has worked on telecommunications issues in Oregon. Believes that HB 2105 doesn't advocate for special treatment of people with disabilities and is inclusive of the entire population.
310	Turban	Declares that HB 2105 makes provisions for people with disabilities and people that are experiencing economic hardships. Recognizes that the general population has a wide range of needs and if more people can be included in the network that keeps everyone in touch, namely the telephone, then many people's lives will be much improved.
400	Wayne Seely	Represents the Oregon Disabilities Commission and the Deaf and Hard of hearing Access Program. Submits and presents written testimony in support of HB 2105 (EXHIBIT G).
		 The telephone is a social device that the majority of us depend on today

- Special equipment is needed in order for hard of hearing people to use the phone and these devices are an extra financial burden. In order to give hard of hearing people

equal access to the phone system, it is important that these
devices be provided free of charge

TAPE 20, A		devices be provided free of charge
017	Seely	Concludes testimony by stating his support of the extension to
017	Secry	January 1, 2010, for certain laws relating to access to residential telecommunication services for low-income customers, customers with medical conditions and people with disabilities.
035	Chair Kruse	Closes the public hearing on HB 2105 and opens a work session on 2105.
HB 2105- WO	RK SESSION	
040	Rep. Monnes- Anderson	Explains that she as a legislator hates to impose fees on the public but this particular case is exceptionally important since 10% of the population is deaf and HB 2105 would allow deaf people more freedom in their lives.
050	Rep. Barnhart	Adds that it has been the policy of the State of Oregon for many years to promote universal access to telephone services.
154	Rep. Krummel	MOTION: Moves HB 2105 to the floor with a DO PASS recommendation.
		VOTE: 9-0
		AYE: In a roll call vote, all members present vote Aye.
	Chair Kruse	The motion CARRIES.
		REP. MONNES-ANDERSON will lead discussion on the
0.64	Cl. ' II	floor.
064	Chair Kruse	Closes the work session on HB 2105 and re-opens a public
HR 2460_ PIJR	BLIC HEARING	hearing on HB 2469.
067	Dr. Charles Wingard	President of the Oregon Dental Association. Submits written
		testimony in opposition of HB 2469 (EXHIBIT H). Explains that he is not so much opposed to the actual bill as he is in support of the Oregon Board of Dentistry. Believes that the board has been given the responsibility to make decisions and should be allowed to exercise its expertise.
107	Wingard	Recognizes that the shortage of dentists in Oregon is a concern of the Board of Dentistry.
143	Jane Meyers	Representing the Oregon Dental Association. Testifies in opposition of HB 2469. Refers to page four of Mr. Wingard's submitted material in reference to the issue of dentist shortages in Oregon. Believes that the shortage is not as big a problem as has been reported in the past based not on state, but on federal figures.
196	Rep. Morrisette	Refers to page 6, EXHIBIT H, and states that in John Day (Grant County), the figures note that 4 dentists are practicing there but when the Legislative trip was taken in June 2000, the group only found one dentist practicing in that town and he was ready to retire.
226	Meyers	Responds that she thought there was more than one dentist in John Day. Believes that even if licensing were to be opened up completely, it would be difficult to recruit people to the rural parts of Oregon.
257	Rep. Garrard	Asks if Wingard believes there is a shortage of dentists in the state of Oregon, because the shortage issue is at the heart of HB 2469.
273	Wingard	Responds that there is a shortage but that the issue should be handled through the Board of Dentistry.

277 283	Rep. Lee Wingard	Asks if retired military dentists could practice in Oregon. Responds that these individuals are in fact qualified and that the
		pathway to a practice is open providing they take the one-day reasonable exam.
288	Rep. Tomei	Asks about fees paid to the board by licensees and asks if the coalition members heading up HB 2469 are fee payers.
309	Meyers	Responds that the Board of Dentistry operates with the money collected from its licensees and that the coalition members do not pay these fees.
321	Rep. Barnhart	Asks if more unqualified dentists pass regional exams not recognized in Oregon than do dentists that pass the regional exams that are recognized.
337 343	Wingard Ian Timm	Responds that he doesn't know the answer. Executive director of the Oregon Primary Care Association. Submits written testimony in support of HB 2469 (EXHIBIT I). Explains that the Oregon Primary Care Association is one that works with Safety Net programs that have tried to respond to their communities' dental care needs and have created Safety Net dental clinics that serve the low-income population in Oregon.
TAPE 22, A		
001	Timm	Refers to the map in the handout of submitted material, page 1 that outlines the current federally designated shortage areas of dental health professionals. Believes there's a shortage of dentists in Oregon. States that this bill removes barriers to practice dentistry in Oregon, especially for removing the barrier of dentists from other states wishing to practice in Oregon. References the tables in EXHIBIT I (pages 6-7).
060	Paul Cosgrove	Represents the Oregon Dental Hygienists Association. Testifies in favor of HB 2469. Remarks that dental hygienists licensed by the Board of Dentistry pay fees to the board. Supports the –1 amendments to HB 2469 because it adds hygienists to the group that would benefit from the bill.
086	Dr. Steven Duffin	Member of the Oregon Dental Association. Submits and presents written testimony in support of HB 2469 (EXHIBIT J).
		 It is important to increase the available pool of dentists and hygienists that are able and willing to serve our states' most medically vulnerable population, citizens covered under the Oregon Health Plan
123	Duffin	Offers anecdotal information to make his point that the citizens of Oregon deserve to have substantial dental care in their
142	Rep. Morrisette	communities. Asks if there are records kept of people that have tried to apply
145	Duffin	for licensure and have been rejected. Responds that he has been aggressively recruiting dentists from around the country and can attest that the barrier to licensure is a
154	Rep. Barnhart	perennial problem. Reiterates question that if more unqualified dentists pass regional exams not recognized in Oregon than do dentists that pass the
159	Duffin	regional exams that are recognized. Responds that he has looked at all the regional exams and has no reason to think that one test better qualifies someone than do the
169	Rep. Monnes-	other tests. Believes there is a shortage of dentists but doesn't think that this

	Anderson	bill will solve the shortage problem. Comments that if the Board of Dentistry were to accept all the regional exams and allow dentists to move freely from state to state, Oregon would still have a hard time recruiting dentists to work with the low-income
205	Duffin	population and in rural areas. States that "if the door is shut, no one will come through it, but that I can't predict if there's anyone on the other side".
208	Rep. Lee	Supports HB 2469 because she feels that dentists should have the same provisions as physicians.
213	Rep. Barnhart	Makes the point that he's familiar with boards and their expertise and wonders if it's necessary for the legislature to, in the case of HB 2469, refuse to acknowledge that expertise. Indicates that there hasn't been a good explanation as to why the other regional tests aren't accepted in Oregon.
243	Duffin	States that dentistry has been evolving with its licensure protocols.
259	Cosgrove	Believes the Oregon Board of Dentistry is unique in that it licenses two different kinds of professionals educated separately and distinctly with different roles: the hygienist member and public member, who is a public health dentist.
265	Chair Kruse	Closes the public hearing on HB 2469 and opens a work session on HB 2469.
HB 2469- WOI		MOTION M. A ADOPT UP 2400 1
167	Rep. Morrisette	MOTION: Moves to ADOPT HB 2469-1 amendments dated 02/09/01.
		VOTE: 9-0
	Chair Kruse	Hearing no objection, declares the motion CARRIED.
289	Rep. Monnes- Anderson	Asks for clarification of the amendments.
291	Diane Lewis	Committee Administrator. Explains that the –1 amendments add dental hygienists to the bill.
299	Rep. Barnhart	MOTION: Moves HB 2469 to the floor with a DO PASS AS AMENDED recommendation.
302	Rep. Tomei	Expresses frustration with HB 2469 and adds that she feels reservations in going against the Board of Dentistry's expertise, but on the other hand she recognizes the need for more dentists in Oregon.
315	Rep. Garrard	Comments that if the bill passes, the actions taken by the committee and then on the floor will send a message to the board that respective action on their part is needed immediately.
334	Rep. Barnhart	Stresses the importance of the board making decisions of this nature for itself.
354	Rep. Krummel	Supports HB 2469 but is hesitant to go against the board's decision.
389	Rep. Monnes- Anderson	Asks if HB 2469 addresses the issue of licensure from other countries.
399	Dr. Gary Allen	Responds that according to the bill, the person would have to be a graduate of an accredited dental school and the American Dental Association accredits only U.S. dental schools.
TAPE 20, B		12500-min well-date only c.o. delian believis.
002		VOTE: 9-0
013	Chair Kruse	AYE: In a roll call vote, all members present vote Aye. The motion CARRIES.

016	Chair Kruse	REP. GARRARD will lead discussion on the floor. Closes the work session on HB 2469 and opens a public hearing on HB 2247.
HB 2247-	PUBLIC HEARING	011 11D 22+/.
022	Susan Wilson	Represents the Health Licensing Office. Submits written testimony in support of HB 2247 (EXHIBIT K). Explains that HB 2247 corrects statutory omissions that were dropped during the transfer of regulation of respiratory care therapists from the Oregon Board of Medical Examiners to the Health Licensing Office. Goes on to say that the bill establishes authority rather than implied authority resulting from the dropped provisions occurring during the 1997 transfer of administrative oversight. Mentions proposed –1 amendments that have come from Legislative Council that remove the diversion program referral from section 7 of the bill.
070	Chair Kruse	Asks why this bill has a subsequent referral to Ways and Means.
074	Wilson	Responds that the diversion program contracts services that cost \$13,000 per biennia.
082	Rep. Morrisette	Asks about the diversion program.
090	Wilson	The diversion program is a program for practitioners with drug or alcohol abuse problems that places the individuals in therapy to put them back under their licensure as a practitioner.
101	Rep. Krummel	Asks if the program would continue but not under the auspice of the Health Licensing Office.
104	Wilson	Responds that there are diversion programs attached to hospitals and under the guidance of physicians and the diversion program would not continue under the Health Licensing Office.
135	Rep. Krummel	Asks how many respiratory therapists there are.
137	Wilson	Responds that there are around 1,000.
140	Rep. Krummel	Asks about their fees.
141	Wilson	Responds that each therapist pays \$100 per year.
145	Chair Kruse	Closes the public hearing on HB 2247 and opens a work session on HB 2247.
HB 2247-	WORK SESSION	
150	Rep. Tomei	MOTION: Moves to ADOPT HB 22471 amendments dated 2/5/01.
		VOTE: 8-0
		EXCUSED: 1 - Lee
154	Chair Kruse	Hearing no objection, declares the motion CARRIED.
155	Rep. Krummel	MOTION: Moves to rescind the referral to the committee on Ways and Means.
		VOTE: 8-0
		EXCUSED: 1 - Lee
160	Chair Kruse	Hearing no objection, declares the motion CARRIED.
162	Rep. Krummel	MOTION: Moves HB 2247 to the floor with a DO PASS AS AMENDED recommendation. VOTE: 8-0
		AYE: In a roll call vote, all members present vote Aye. EXCUSED: 1 - Lee
172	Chair Kruse	The motion CARRIES.
175	Rep. Tomei	MOTION: Moves HB 2247 be placed on the CONSENT

VOTE: 8-0

EXCUSED: 1 - Lee

CALENDAR.

183 185	Chair Kruse Chair Kruse	Hearing no objection, declares the motion CARRIED. Closes the work session on HB 2247 and opens a public hearing on HB 2249.
HB 2249- PUP	BLIC HEARING	0H HB 2249.
190	Susan Wilson	Director of the Health Licensing Office. Submits written testimony in support of HB 2249 (EXHIBIT L). Explains that HB 2249 simply fixes terminology that wasn't fixed during the 1999 Legislative Session.
209	Rep. Barnhart	Asks if HB 2249 makes an operational change or changes responsibilities of the agency in any way.
225	Wilson	Responds that when the Respiratory Therapy Board came under the Health Licensing Office, the language surrounding the board was different from the language surrounding other boards within the Health Licensing Office.
245	Rep. Barnhart	Asks if HB 2249 only addresses the Respiratory Therapy Board.
252	Wîlson	Responds that this statute would pertain to all of the boards. Explains that HB 2249 conforms the current services to the current model of the agency.
255	Rep. Barnhart	Comments that the change seems significant and asks if the agency consults with the board before taking action.
260	Wilson	Responds that the Health Licensing Office's legislative council brought forth the amendment because current statute have phrases like "in consultation", "recommended by", and sometimes completely by the discretion of the Health Licensing Office. States that Legislative Council suggested that in order not to be in conflict with current statutes, the language needed to be synchronized. Adds that before drafting HB 2249, all the boards were consulted. Provides that currently the Health Licensing Office operates in consultation with the boards and councils currently under its purview and, all the boards within its office do consent to the amendment.
282 289	Rep. Barnhart Wilson	Asks if the boards are willing to give away this authority. Responds that the boards don't see it as giving away authority and the boards help balance public protection and are focused on practice standards and meeting certain standards and not actually carrying out the day-to-day functions of enforcement and compliance with the law.
300	Rep. Morrisette	Asks if the change is made due to the confusion in conflicting statute.
309	Wilson	Responds that the change is being made because the overall statutes that the Health Licensing Office regulates under its jurisdiction need to be modified to insure that they fit under the agency model as directed by HB 2465 from the 1999 Legislative Session.
330	Chair Kruse	Closes the public hearing on HB 2247 and opens a work session on HB 2247.
HB 2249- WO		200000V 20000V 20000V 20000V
335	Rep. Krummel	MOTION: Moves HB 2249 to the floor with a DO PASS recommendation.
		VOTE: 9-0
340 344	Chair Kruse Rep. Tomei	AYE: In a roll call vote, all members present vote Aye. The motion CARRIES. MOTION: Moves HB 2249 be placed on the CONSENT CALENDAR.

VOTE: 9-0 Chair Kruse 353 Hearing no objection, declares the motion CARRIED. 358 Declares a potential conflict of interest as to HB 2247 and HB Rep. Krummel 2249 due to his status as "licensee" administered by the Health Licensing Office. 390 Chair Kruse Close the work session on HB 2249 and opens a public hearing on HB 2498. **TAPE 21, B HB 2498- PUBLIC HEARING** 006 Kathy Ledesma Program Manager for Adoption Services at the state office of Services to Children and Families (SCF). Submits written material neither in support nor in opposition to HB 2498 (EXHIBIT M). Discusses the possible interim task force and states that if SCF were to be a part of the task force, the agency would calculate the time required for the task force to determine the cost during the interim and then offer its position as "in support" or "opposed" to the creation of this group. Remarks that the task force is not currently included in the Governor's budget and SCF will most likely be opposed to HB 2498. Notes that SCF is also neutral on the subject matter of the possible task 032 Ledesma Points out that the issue of embryo adoptions is very complex and it raises social, ethical, scientific, and legal questions. to SCF's knowledge, the practice of embryo adoption isn't currently regulated in existing Oregon statute. Identifies three statutes that may relate to this issue area: ORS 109. 239-247, ORS 109.309 and ORS 432. Remarks that the four states that

080

083

094

167

185

193

Rep. Morrisette

Ledesma

Pope

Pope

Rep. Morrisette

Robin Pope

Believes the term 'embryo adoption' to be imprecise. States that have related legislation are Florida, Virginia, New Hampshire and California.

Asks if embryo adoptions are currently taking place in Oregon. Responds that the research SCF has done documents around 54 embryo adoptions in the United States in 1999.

Represents the Oregon State Bar Standing Committee on Adoption. Submits written testimony neither in favor nor against HB 2498 (EXHIBIT N). Points out that in Oregon there are few doctors who practice as reproductive endocrinologists and there is an even smaller number of lawyers that handle these matters. Believes that it is appropriate that the law catch up with the medical technology of the day.

Concerned and uncomfortable with the use of the term 'embryo adoption' and to her knowledge and that of her colleagues in the area. embryo adoption doesn't happen in Oregon. Wishes instead to use the term 'assisted reproductive technology' in order to be inclusive of all of the issues involved. Wants to utilize the expertise of professionals to work on the task force. Voices concern with the ethical and moral issues at hand and wonders if the internet may be a way of allowing unethical practices to take place.

Responds that this is not 'embryo adoption' as it is defined and the action he described is called 'egg donation' and 'sperm donation'. Wonders at the possibility of addressing internet issues in the task force.

208	Chair Kruse	Responds that it will be possible to discuss the internet when the task force meets.
210	Pope	Provides an anecdote in discussing the issue of the internet in relation to embryo adoptions.
214	Rep. Morrisette	Voices concern in the creation of 'designer babies'.
219	Pope	Suggests amendments to HB 2498 that would more clearly define the members of the task force. Concerned with the financial impact behind HB 2498.
256	Paula Acker	Licensed clinical social worker at Oregon Health Sciences University (OHSU). States that she is neutral on the issue of embryo adoptions. Reiterates that very few people in the United States actually consider embryo donation. Explains that very few couples using in-vitro fertilization techniques choose to donate their embryos to other couples. Submits that success rates aren't good for the survival of frozen and donated embryos. Provides that couples most often use all of their embryos or if they don't, they choose to dispose of the remaining embryos.
302	Acker	Acknowledges the five or six times a year at OHSU that the subject of embryo adoption is considered by a couple and when doing so, they are asked to fill out papers similar to adoption papers detailing their social and medical history to be handed over to the recipient couple. Explains that as of now, there is no legal format for embryo donation but that the American Society of Reproductive Medicine sets guidelines for all Endocrinologists to follow. Mentions the ethics panel at OHSU that is made up of doctors and philosophers and religious leaders that discuss issues surrounding reproductive technology.
357	Rep. Morrisette	Asks when a person is considered to be a person.
361	Acker	Responds that the law states that when a baby is born, then he or she is considered to be 'a person'.
364	Rep. Krummel	Asked what would happen to the embryos a couple had frozen if that couple passed away.
372 TAPE 22, A	Acker	Responds that the embryos are immediately discarded.
002	Susan Cox	Vice-president of Public Policy and External Affairs for Holt International Children's Services. Submits and presents written testimony in support of HB 2498 (EXHIBIT O).
		 In recent years the practice of adoption has evolved dramatically from a humanitarian response for children without families, to becoming an adoption industry
		 As technology advances the possibilities in a variety of social practices, embryo adoptions are at the forefront. Child welfare and adoption professionals are increasingly concerned about the potential for fraud and abuse.
		 HB 2498 is a significant effort to assess and evaluate the implications, both known and unknown, of embryo adoptions
085	Cox	Concerned with the lack of a national clearinghouse or federal policies that control what information is held and what is released regarding donors. Brings to light reasonable questions such as:

such as:

Submitted By,		Reviewed By,
263	Chair Kruse	Adjourns the meeting at 5:30 p.m.
239	Chan Kiuse	discussion of concerns surrounding this issue will take place at a later time.
259	Anderson Chair Kruse	Closes the Work Session on HB 2498 and states that more
250	Rep. Monnes-	creation of a task force. Speaks of involving special interest groups.
236	Rep. Morrisette	members of a particular task force. Believes the issue is extremely important and supports the
225	Chair Kruse	and the President of the Senate. Responds that sometimes the Governor has input as to the
214	Rep. Monnes- Anderson	Asserts that more time is needed on this issue area and asks if a task force is always created only by the Speaker of the House
211	Chair Kruse	thought and discussion before moving ahead. Remarks that he would be willing to bring the issue back to committee a second time.
205	Rep. Tomei	Believes this issue to be the most important that the committee has looked at so far and would like to give the issue more
194	Rep. Barnhart	Concerned with the number of ethical issues related to this topic that do not exist in the area of adoption.
182	Chair Kruse	Responds that the Speaker of the House and the President of the Senate will appoint the members of the task force.
171	Rep. Barnhart	Asks about the specific qualifications that the members of the task force will have and if these qualifications should be listed within the context of the bill.
169	Chair Kruse	Maintains that the task force will have this decision to make.
165	Rep. Walker	Wishes to suggest to the task force that they come up with new terminology.
160	Chair Kruse	Responds that the task force will look in to this.
146	Rep. Walker	Advocates for the use of a scientific term instead of the term 'embryo adoption'.
146	D W II	Wishes to mirror a task force that he sponsored in the 1997 Legislative Session that was on adoption.
124	ORK SESSION Chair Kruse	Explains his reasoning for the bill and for the –1 amendments.
		on HB 2498.
120	Chair Kruse	and not a process intended to meet the needs of adults by producing children of preferred genetic characteristics. Closes the public hearing on HB 2498 and opens a work session
093 115	Cox Cox	 Who licenses the placement agency or facilitator? Refers to the attachments in EXHIBIT O. Believes that adoption is a service for children who need families
		• What should be the proper training for practitioners?
		• What are the liability issues?
		by those receiving embryos?

Rachel Brown,

Diane Lewis,

• What are reasonable fees for services paid to donor families

EXHIBIT SUMMARY

- A SJR 8, Jennifer Webber, 1p.
- B-HB 2469, Gary Allen, DMD, MS, 3pp.
- C- HB 2469, Clayton Stearns, 2pp.
- D- HB 2469, James Hicks, 2pp.
- E- HB 2469, Dr. Whitney Payne, 2pp.
- F- HB 2105, Damara Paris, 5pp.
- G- HB 2105, Wayne Seely, 1p.
- H- HB 2469, Dr. Charles Wingard, 11pp.
- I- HB 2469, Ian Timm, 13pp.
- J- HB 2469, Steven Duffin, 2pp.
- K- HB 2247, Sue Wilson, 6pp.
- L- HB 2249, Sue Wilson, 3pp.
- M- HB 2498, Kathy Ledesma, 2pp.
- N- HB 2498, Robin Pope, 3pp.
- O- HB 2498, Susan Cox, 14pp.
- P HB 2498, -1 amendments, staff, 2pp