## HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE ON CIVIL LAW

March 01, 1999 Hearing Ro	om 357	
1:00 p.m. Tapes 50 - 51		
MEMBERS PRESENT: Re	o. Lane Shetterly, Chair	
	Rep. Max Williams, Vice-Chair	
	Rep. Judy Uherbelau, Vice-Chair	
	Rep. Vic Backlund	
	Rep. Randall Edwards	
	Rep. Kathy Lowe	
	Rep. Vicki Walker	
	Rep. Larry Wells	
	Rep. Bill Witt	
STAFF PRESENT: Aaron	elton, Counsel	
	Nancy Richards, Administrative Support	
MEASURE/ISSUES HEAR	D: HB 2237	
	HB 2313	
HB 2314		
SB 42A		
These minutes are in compliance with Senate and House Rules. Only text enclosed in quotation marks reports a speaker's exact words. For complete contents, please refer to the tapes.		
TAPE/# Speaker	Comments	
TAPE 50, A		
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004	Vice Chair Williams	Call meeting to order at 1:10 p.m.	
НВ 2313	HB 2313 & SB 42A- PUBLIC HEARING		
012	Barbara Ross	State Representative, House District 35	
		Testifies and submits testimony on behalf of Clint Kolar in support of SB 42A (EXHIBIT A). Discusses why Mr. Kolar wanted her to introduce this bill and why this bill needs to be passed.	
040	Rep. Wells	What amount is SB 42A raising the award limit to in small claims court?	
047	Counsel Felton	Currently, the jurisdictional limit is \$3,000, will be phased in to \$5,000.	
051	Rep. Wells	Asks if that is the reason some <u>Oregon Laws</u> are being amended.	
053	Counsel Felton	That is correct.	
055	Rep. Wells	Asks if we are currently phasing in the award limit of \$4,000.	
059	Counsel Felton	That is correct.	
059	Rep. Ross	The reason this higher money limit is needed is so that more people can represent themselves in small claims court.	
066	Rep. Edwards	Would this new increase in jurisdictional limit decrease more cases in the small claims court?	
068	Rep. Ross	This higher limit would increase the small claims court workload because it would allow more people to use this system.	
080	Rep. Edwards	Asks if the decrease in the case workload of the small claims court was a direct cause of increasing the jurisdictional limit.	
084	Counsel Felton	States that there was a decrease in small claim cases after the raise in jurisdictional limit. It is not known whether this was in direct correlation to raising the jurisdictional limit.	
091	Vice Chair Williams	Asks about the reduced amount in filing fees as result of more people filing in small claims court.	
113	Bradd Swank	Oregon State Court Administerís Office	

		Testifies and submits written testimony in support of SB 42A ( <b>EXHIBIT B</b> ). Speaks in favor of Section 8 & 10 of the bill because of the policy issue and speaks in neutrality because of the technical issue. Discusses and explains the prevailing party fee changes in the bill. States that the Executive Committee of the Oregon Judicial Conference has not reviewed the proposal of raising the jurisdictional limit. Discusses the effects of decreased revenue in District Court because of this bill. Discusses the differences in HB 2313 and SB 42A.
243	Rep. Uherbelau	States that one of the differences between the two bills is that HB 2313 applies to small claims court and SB 42A applies to small claim justice courts. Asks what the feelings of the Court Administers Office are regarding this higher award limit.
256	Swank	Discusses the procedures in the small claim justice courts regarding the changes in revenues.
273	Rep. Uherbelau	Asks if the Court Administratorís Office takes a position on whether this would be an appropriate raise in jurisdictional amount for a justice court and a small claims court.
276	Swank	Discusses the concern if the jurisdictional amount was raised in one court and not the other.
299	Rep. Wells	Asks about the difference in the two bills regarding the different jurisdictional amounts.
313	Swank	Explains why there were different amounts in the two bills.
334	Rep. Wells	States that during the last session, there was a member who was against the fees that were directed to the legal system. Asks if the revenue increased because of the fees?
343	Swank	States that there are a number of reasons to cause revenues to increase other than increasing fees. Discusses the different fees involved in the court system.
367	Matt Markee	Oregon Collectors Association  Testifies and submits written testimony in support of SB 42A (EXHIBIT C).  Discusses why the association is in favor of the bill.
393	Counsel Felton	Clarifies that in 1997 the original bill proposed raising the jurisdictional limit to \$5,000.00, but was amended to \$3,500.00.
398	Markee	That is correct
400	Vice Chair Williams	Discusses the history of HB 2313.

445	Rep. Uherbelau	Expresses her concern with the higher jurisdictional limit and that it would cause more complicated cases in the justice court level which has less legal experience
472	Rep. Williams	States his support of SB 42A because of the many court cases where the legal fees are higher than the claim this bill would allow more people to handle their own cases with no legal fee.
Tape 51,	A	
037	Rep. Witt	States his support of SB 42A because it provides a way to settle disputes without burden of legal fees. Also, supports the second part of the bill that allows the prevailing party to get awarded costs.
049	Rep. Wells	Asks why the legal fees are so high to handle a \$5,000.00 case.
053	Chair Shetterly	Discusses the costs of the lawyersí overhead and are like any other business.
063	Rep. Wells	How often do cases of \$750.00 go to a jury trial?
066	Chair Shetterly	Answers that jury trial cases in small claim courts are almost unheard of.
071	Rep. Lowe	Expresses her support of SB 42A, but has concerns about the public nuisance bil influencing more small claim court cases. Asks about this bill causing an increased workload on the small claims court.
087	Chair Shetterly	States that small claims cases are processed faster, resulting in improved court room efficiency.
098	Rep. Uherbelau	Expresses her support of SB 42A. Discusses the concern with the justice court getting more complex cases and their ability to handle these cases.
113	Rep. Edwards	Expresses his support of SB 42A. Would the revenue impact of this bill have a negative impact on courts?
121	Rep. Williams	States that Mr. Swankis testimony expressed a very small impact on the revenue
129	Rep. Backlund	Expresses his support of SB 42A. States that the overall principle improvement of the statute is worth some overall loss of revenue.
136	Rep. Witt	Discusses the goal of the bill should be to allow more justice for citizens and not revenue impacts on the courts.

150	Rep. Edwards	MOTION: Moves SB 42A to the floor with a DO PASS recommendation.
		VOTE: 9-0  AYE: In a roll call vote, all members present vote Aye.
	Chair Shetterly	The motion CARRIES.
		REP. SHETTERLY will lead discussion on the floor.
<u>HB 2237 ñ</u>	PUBLIC HEARING	
162	Counsel Felton	HB 2237 clarifies procedure when paternity is established by administrative determination.
172	Ronelle Shankle	Department of Justice, Support Enforcement Division (SED)  Testifies and submits written testimony in support of HB 2237 (EXHIBIT D).  Discusses how this bill clarifies that administrative orders have the same force and effect as judicial orders regarding a childis legal paternity.
208	Rep. Uherbelau	Asks whether district attorneys make paternity determinations.
215	Shankle	Not as often as the SED, but they do have that authority.
220	Chair Shetterly	Asks about the conceptual amendment for HB 2237.
225	Shankle	Discusses the phrase in the conceptual amendment that would cross-reference back to a statute that addresses issues of paternity.
230	Chair Shetterly	Where would this amendment be inserted into the bill?
232	Shankle	It would be inserted on page 2, line 27 of HB 2237. Explains the conceptual amendment.
241	Chair Shetterly	Are district attorneys in court proceedings included under this change?
243	Shankle	Yes, they are.

236	Maureen McKnight	Department of Justice, Support Enforcement Division (SED)
		Discusses the purposes of the amendment to HB 2237 regarding the authority of the administrator within the administrative process.
HB 2314	Public Hearing	
267	Counsel Felton	HB 2314 repeals provisions limiting buyer and borrower liability on deficiency after default in retail installment contract, charge agreement or unpaid loan.
287	Jim Markee	Oregon Collectors Association
		Testifies in support of HB 2314. Discusses what HB 2314 does for the debtor and creditor regarding the sale of goods. Discusses legislative history concerning this bill. Discusses the statute of limitation in the bill and the problem that arises from this statute.
400	Rep. Uherbelau	Did anyone from the Debtor/ Creditor Section contact you concerning HB 2314?
406	Chair Shetterly	No, I have not heard from anybody.
407	Rep. Uherbelau	Are you assuming that the bill will provide a 6-year statute of limitation for contracts?
416	Markee	It is clear in the HB 2314 amendment that it would be a 6-year statute of limitation.
417	Rep. Uherbelau	States that more experienced practitioners will know that it will be a 6- year limitation, but the concern is that the newer practitioners wonít know unless it is clearly stated.
429	Chair Shetterly	States that unless a different statute is specified, it is a 6-year limitation on contracts.
436	Rep. Witt	Do you support removing the \$1,250 exclusion in the bill?
440	Markee	Yes, I certainly would.
442	Rep. Witt	Regarding the exception in the bill where some people do not have to pay their obligations, what influence is this on the cost of financing?
448	Markee	Anytime, you have a loss by a creditor, the cost of the loss is spread among those who use credit.

463	Rep. Witt	Asks if other states have this provision.
468	Markee	Discusses conversations with other national organizations in regards to the finding no such provision.
490	Rep. Witt	Who are these creditors that the bill refers to?
502	Markee	Most of the clients that my agency represents are small businesses.
Tape 50, B		
044	Rep. Walker	States that according to my notes from the 02-25-99 hearing regarding HB 2314, Paul Cosgrove testified that the bill will effect small businesses.
052	Paul Cosgrove	Oregon Financial Services Association
		States that it is the small businesses that use retail installment contracts for sale of goods and these businesses are the ones effected by this bill.
057	Rep. Uherbelau	Expresses her belief that many of these creditors are large car dealers.
060	Rep. Walker	Asks if HB 2314 creates a malpractice trap for lawyers because the time line is too short.
064	Cosgrove	Discusses the time line issue of the bill regarding malpractice suits.
076	Markee	States that lawyers are not the only ones to worry about the statute of limitations.
083	Chair Shetterly	Do you have any idea how financing costs for these types of consumer goods compare to other states?
095	Cosgrove	Discusses how the finance losses accrued are built into the cost of goods.
103	Rep. Witt	States that it is the creditor, or the general public, who is paying for these costs.
106	Chair Shetterly	Expresses his concern whether this is a big enough factor in financing consumer debt.
110	Monty King	Executive Director, Independent Auto Dealers Association  States that the small business owners are paying for the financing costs. and they do have to pass it on to someone else. Oregon has higher interest rates than most states. Discusses and explains the standards of dealers who have very small car

		lots and how these finance losses hurt these businesses.
158	Rep. Uherbelau	Expresses concern about the progression of HB 2314. Addresses the issue about who pays for the finance losses. Discusses and explains five cases that states dealers who sell the car for considerably more than the car is worth.
213	Rep. Wells	Asks if the 6-year limitation on judgments against what is owed on a repossessed vehicle, is a fair amount of time.
246	Markee	States the Oregon Collection Agencyís support on this time limitation.
260	Rep. Wells	Asks about the unknown debt on a resold repossessed car for the debtor.
267	Markee	Discusses the procedure of selling these repossessed goods and the notice given the debtor.
278	Rep. Wells	Expresses his concern that the debtor would not have knowledge of what these repossessed consumer goods sell for.
282	Markee	There should be no concern.
285	Rep. Witt	Refers to the change in the law and how this would help the dealers make money by collecting on the deficiency after they sell property at an unfair value. Will losses accrue when a creditor repossesses property?
299	King	Yes, that is my experience. Gives example regarding losing money on a repossessed car.
322	Rep. Uherbelau	Discusses the possibility, due to the change of the law, of holding onto repossessed property for several years, effecting the resale value of the property.
339	Chair Shetterly	States that holding repossessed property would raise the issue of reasonableness according to the statue in HB 2314.
343	Rep. Witt	States that business people donit make money by sitting on assets.
350	Chair Shetterly	Recesses meeting at 2:26 p.m.
356	Chair Shetterly	Reconvenes meeting at 2:35 p.m.
369	Rep. Williams	MOTION: Moves HB 2314 to the floor with a DO PASS recommendation.

372	Rep. Uherbelau	Most of these retail installment contracts are for very large interest rates and for a very long time, where the payment is mostly interest. States that by the time the property is repossessed, there is a substantial interest already paid to the creditor. Expresses her objection to this bill.
403	Rep. Witt	Discusses competitive markets and how this effects the interest rates. States that if we allow some debtors to escape part of their liability, this will raise the cost of goods for everybody else. States that justice should be for all people involved, including those paying higher interest.
425	Rep. Walker	Discusses warranty protection to consumers. States that consumers have the right of bankruptcy. Expresses support of HB 2314.
450	Chair Shetterly	VOTE: 8-1  AYE: 8 - Backlund, Edwards, Lowe, Walker, Wells, Williams, Witt, Shetterly  NAY: 1 - Uherbelau
	Chair Shetterly	The motion CARRIES.
		REP. WITT will lead discussion on the floor.
464	Chair Shetterly	Adjourns meeting at 2:55 p.m.

Submitted By, Reviewed By,

Nancy Richards, Aaron Felton,

Administrative Support Counsel

## **EXHIBIT SUMMARY**

- A SB 42A & HB 2313, Written testimony, Clint Kolar, p. 2
- B SB 42A, Written testimony, Bradd Swank, p. 5
- C SB 42A, Written testimony, Matt Markee, p. 1
- D HB 2237, Written testimony, Ronelle Shankle, p. 1