PUBLIC HEARING: HB 2139, HB 2668

PUBLIC HEARING & WORK SESSION: SB 251, SB 252

TAPES 074 - 075 A/B, 076 A

HOUSE REVENUE COMMITTEE

MARCH 3, 1999 ñ 8:30 A.M. - HEARING ROOM A - STATE CAPITOL BUILDING

Members Present: Rep. Ken Strobeck, Chair Rep. Anitra Rasmussen, Vice Chair Rep. Deborah Kafoury Rep. Jeff Merkley Rep. Diane Rosenbaum Rep. Lane Shetterly Rep. Max Williams

Rep. Bill Witt

Members Absent: Rep. Jim Welsh

Staff: Lizbeth Martin-Mahar, Economist, Legislative Revenue Office
Ed Waters, Economist, Legislative Revenue Office
Barbara Guardino, Committee Assistant
Witnesses: Jim Manary, Oregon Dept. of Revenue
Jerry Hanson, Washington County
Steve McClure, Union County Commissioner
Gil Riddell, Associated Oregon Counties
Genoa Ingram, Oregon Association of Realtors
Susan Browning, Oregon Dept. of Revenue

TAPE 074, SIDE A

005	Chair Strobeck	Meeting called to order at 8:35 a.m. Opened public hearing on HB 2139, HB 2668.
PUBLI	<u>C HEARING ñ HB 2139, I</u>	<u>HB 2668</u>
015	Manary	Directed membersí attention to HB 2139: Property Tax Administration Funding (EXHIBIT 1) . Summarizes the basic issues.
038	Manary	Reviewed second document, House Bill 2139 (EXHIBIT 2).
		Delinquent Interest; Processing Fee
		Reviewed third document, Industrial Accounts Funded (EXHIBIT 3).
084	Manary	Reviewed HB 2139-1 amendments (EXHIBIT 4). Processing fee. Clarifies documents that the fee would be applied to. Any document that requires a clerkis recording fee is subject to this.
112	Manary	Reviewed HB 2139-2 amendments (EXHIBIT 5). Deals with statewide mapping system. A dollar of the fee would be placed in a dedicated account. Director of Dept. of Revenue would appoint an advisory committee to decide how to apply the money to create this system.
		In answer to questions: Estimate intake is about \$1 million per year. Does not know how long this money would be needed. Estimated start-up time for statewide system is 6-7 years. Currently, many counties still use paper maps.
232	Manary	Summarized: Hooking maps into state system; counties upgrading their maps.
234	Manary	Reviewed HB 2139-3 amendments (EXHIBIT 6). Provides that Dept. of Revenue take only the necessary expenses.
260	Lizbeth Martin-Mahar	Discussed revenue impact for HB 2139-1 (EXHIBIT 7). Estimates of the impact for the next two biennia range from an increase in local tax revenues of \$17.2 - \$76.7 million. Clarified, under current law, sunset on both funding sources will occur July 2000.
318	Martin-Mahar	Discussed revenue impact for HB 2139-2 amendments (EXHIBIT 8). Changes total revenue impact from \$17.2 million to \$12.3 million.
		Discussed revenue impact for HB 2139-3 amendments (EXHIBIT 9) Allocates only necessary funds.

343	Rep. Witt	What would the fee be if Department assessed a fee on all the documents to be revenue with the current system?
346	Martin-Mahar	Currently generating \$3.5 million in recording fees at \$20 rate.
379	Gil Riddell	Clarified point from Dept. of Revenue table (see Industrial Accounts Funded): The 5% that goes to the clerks is only from the processing fee, not from total collections. The clerks receive \$1.
410	Jerry Hanson	Spoke in support of the measure. Addressed question from previous hearing concerning costs related to assessment and taxation via the recording of documents. What does it cost as a result of the documents?
		Digressed: The documents identifed were transfer of ownership. Funding committee recommended broadening the base to all documents with few exceptions. This would increase the amount of funding, while simplifying activity in clerkis office regarding how much to charge.
		<u>TAPE 075, SIDE A</u>
030	Hanson	Concerning question of direct cost impacts ñ See Oregon State Association of County Assessors (EXHIBIT 10).
046	Hanson	Discussed Deed Records ñ transfer of ownership
		Discussed Mortgage Records ñ comprises 2/3 of documents
127	Hanson	Discussed Liens and UCC Filings
		Discussed Miscellaneous documents
		In Summary: Industry has large stake in the ability of property tax system to function smoothly.
156	Rep. Witt	Proposed fees are total four times the average cost. Why? Will they be passed on to consumers?
172	Hanson	\$20 would generate \$20 million, or 20 x 1 million documents per year. Biggest change would be in refinancing. Costs would be passed on to property owners. Has no problem with the fact that it doesn't represent cost.
201	Steve McClure	Explained costs from perspective of local government. Governments have costs of doing the recording, keeping an information system available, interaction with the public. Cost for public involvement goes beyond recording of fees. This cost is reasonable. The

		community expects records to be available, timely, and accurate.
236	Rep. Witt	Asked for more detail as to what goes into cost figures.
240	Hanson	Mainly staff costs for personal services. The bulk of those costs are in the mapping area. These figures are fairly accurate.
280	Rep. Witt	Would he be open to amendment to change the fee depending on the type of document?
290	Hanson	This is at the heart of the discussion. Does not believe the problem is equity based on cost. It is equity in value of the system to various people. Vast difference in complexity of various transactions. Would not recommend such an amendment.
326	All	Follow-up questions by Reps. Welsh, Shetterly, Witt concerning the \$20 fee. How much is necessary? What is the cost per transaction?

TAPE 074, SIDE B

028	Rep. Welsh	Concerned, witnesses are not giving the committee the true cost for doing business.
039	Hanson	Testimony is representative of countiesí direct costs ñ fairly accurate.
044	Rep. Welsh	Wants to know costs for providing service to customers. Maybe committee needs to discuss costs for entire system.
080	Gil Riddell	Testimony in favor of HB 2668. Similar to HB 2139. Both will continue the operation of the original bill that created the program in 1989 and the adjustment made in 1997. Both would broaden the base of documents. HB 2668 sets fee at \$20; HB 2139 leaves it blank. Would like to include implementation of recommendation of interim task force to have Dept. of Revenueis roll in this paid by general funds as opposed to taking 10% of assessment and taxation fund.
104	Riddell	HB 2668 would expand operation of HB 2049 (Measure 50) from 4% of interest to special districts and cities, to include schools and counties.HB 2668 has provision that says, if rate is set at less than \$20, local governments would be permitted to govern locally based on the will of their constituents.

142	Rep. Witt	Do these fees go into county general funds, or are they used specifically for assessment and taxation?
148	Riddell	Explained how program operates. State determines which counties qualify. Funds within the pot are shared based on the size of budgets. Countiesí general fund contribution has grown since program began. Counties have done their share.
		Questions and discussion.
207	Chair Strobeck	Recommended members look at interim task force report, learn the reasons behind policy decisions.
237	McClure	Discussed statewide digital mapping process, results of Measure 50. Union County has started mapping process, is proceeding slowly. Product has huge demand statewide, but it is necessary to have a good product. There is a tremendous demand for digital mapping. The proposed \$1 will not pay for this.
284	Hanson	About 1/3 of counties have hired enough expertise to do the digital mapping. Other counties, due to size or budget, cannot. The result is a patchwork map. Assessors have the only map that maintains accurate ownership boundaries. Value of this product would far outweigh the cost.
317	Genoa Ingram	Spoke in support of the measure.
		 Addressed question of neutrality of fee: To be cost-neutral it would be \$3 per document. Realtors association suggests to amend fee to \$5-10 would cover cost plus provide funding for mapping. Addressed state recording fees of \$5 per page. A simple transaction would cost about \$80.
		3. Addressed impact of increasing fee to \$20. Suggested minimizing the number of documents to fill out. Some money is going to backfill general fund. This is a red flag.
		Questions and discussion concerning backfilling, estimated \$80 per simple transaction.
TAPE (75, SIDE B	
025	Rep. Shetterly	Suggested looking at 10 or 15 closing statements, look at average cost in context.
039	Chair Strobeck	Closed public hearing on HB 2139 and HB 2668. Opened public hearing on SB 251.

PUBLIC HEARING ñ SB 251

046	Susan Browning	Bill Summary 251 (See March 2, EXHIBIT 4). This bill expands insufficient funds check penalty provisions to include electronic fund transfers. Increasingly, people authorize creditors to take money out of their checking accounts. If insufficient funds, it is the same as a bounced check. 30% of total taxes owed by employers now comes in by electronic funds transfer. Effective date for section 1.
		People are given sufficient warning before penalty is imposed.
081	Rep. Witt	Questioned proposed penalty structure. Penalty is too high. Is this bill geared chiefly toward people who are trying to cheat the system?
105	Browning	Variety of instances ñ 1 check in every 8,000. Some people just arenít paying attention. The Dept. of Revenue has waiver provisions.
		Follow-up questions.
145	Rep. Williams	Referred to ORS 3701 ñ Individuals are entitled to same kind of recovery for someone who provides a dishonored check. Not dependent on intent.
183	Browning	Department sends check through once or twice before penalizing.
214	Rep. Shetterly	MOTION TO SUSPEND THE RULES FOR THE PURPOSE OF RECONSIDERING THE VOTE ON SB 251 IN WHICH THE BILL FAILED TO PASS.
225	Chair Strobeck	ASKED FOR ANY OBJECTION TO RECONSIDER THE VOTE ON SB 251. HEARING NO OBJECTION, THE CHAIR ORDERED.
233	Chair Strobeck	Closed pubic hearing on SB 251. Opened work session on SB 251.
WORK	SESSION ñ SB 251	
236	Rep. Witt	Read ORS 3701: Insufficient funds, collecting statutory damages. This does not equate to what Dept. of Revenue has proposed.
262	Rep. Williams	Did not mean to suggest that systems are identical.
313	Rep. Welsh	Will draft a bill that takes a more comprehensive look at overall fairness of penalties.
316	Rep. Kafoury	MOTION: MOVED SB 251 TO THE HOUSE FLOOR WITH A DO PASS

RECOMMENDATION.

319	Rep. Witt	Will vote no. Does not believe it is fair for everyone involved. People affected will be typically low-income people. Penalty is punitive.
333	VOTE	ROLL CALL VOTE: MOTION PASSES 7-1-1
		REPRESENTATIVES VOTING AYE: KAFOURY, MERKLEY, SHETTERLY, WELSH, WILLIAMS, VICE CHAIR RASMUSSEN, CHAIR STROBECK
		REPRESENTATIVES VOTING NAY: WITT
		REPRESENTATIVES EXCUSED: ROSENBAUM
		REP. KAFOURY WILL CARRY THE BILL.
340	Chair Strobeck	Closed work session on SB 251. Opened public hearing on SB 252.
<u>PUBLI</u>	<u>C HEARING ñ SB 252</u>	
349	Ed Waters	Gave brief review of SB 252. Eliminates \$10 minimum for tax inactive corporations effective January 1, 1999. See Staff Measure Summary (EXHIBIT 12).
353	Susan Browning	Spoke in support of the measure. See Bill Summary for SB 252 (EXHIBIT 15). Compliance issue with inactive corporations. It is difficult to collect fee. Oftentimes it costs more than \$10 to collect the \$10 fee. Raises policy issue for Dept. of Revenue. Since these corporations are already paying a \$10 annual fee to register their names, is it appropriate to have them pay a \$10 tax for their inactive status.
		Collection is difficult.
383	All	Questions and discussion concerning deleting of language, costs, general funds, etc.
		<u>TAPE 076, SIDE A</u>
064	Chair Strobeck	Closed public hearing on SB 252. Opened work session on SB 252.
<u>WORK</u>	<u>SESSION ñ SB 252</u>	

066 Vice Chair Rasmussen MOTION: MOVED SB 252 TO THE HOUSE FLOOR WITH A DO PASS RECOMMENDATION.

067	VOTE	ROLL CALL VOTE: MOTION PASSES 8-0-1 REPRESENTATIVES VOTING AYE: KAFOURY, MERKLEY, SHETTERLY, WELSH, WILLIAMS, WITT, VICE CHAIR RASMUSSEN, CHAIR STROBECK REPRESENTATIVES EXCUSED: ROSENBAUM
075	Chair Strobeck	REP. WELSH WILL CARRY THE BILL. Closed work session on SB 252. Directed membersí attention to three testimonies from March 2 bill regarding HB 2050: (EXHIBITS 16, 17, 18) .
084	Chair Strobeck	Adjourned meeting at 10:27 a.m.

Submitted by, Reviewed by,

Barbara J. Guardino Kim T. James

Committee Assistant Revenue Office Manager

Exhibit Summary:

- 1. HB 2139, Manary, HB 2139 Property Tax Administration Funding, 2 pp.
- 2. HB 2139, Manary, House Bill 2139, Delinquent Interest, Processing Fee, 1 p.
- 3. HB 2139, Manary, HB 2139 Industrial Accounts Funded, 1 p.
- 4. HB 2139, Manary, Proposed Amendments to House Bill 2139 (HB 2139-1), 1 p.
- 5. HB 2139, Manary, Proposed Amendments to House Bill 2139 (HB 2139-2), 2 pp.
- 6. HB 2139, Manary, Proposed Amendments to House Bill 2139 (HB 2139-3), 2 pp.
- 7. HB 2139, Martin-Mahar, Revenue Impact of Proposed Legislation for HB 2129-1, 2 pp.
- 8. HB 2139, Martin-Mahar, Revenue Impact of Proposed Legislation for HB 2139-2, 3 pp.
- 9. HB 2139, Martin-Mahar, Revenue Impact of Proposed Legislation for HB 2139-3, 2 pp.
- HB 2139, Hanson, Oregon State Association of County Assessors, Report to House Revenue Committee on HB 2139 ñ Assessment & Taxation Funding, 5 pp.
- 11. HB 2668, Martin-Mahar, Revenue Impact of Proposed Legislation for HB 2668, 2 pp.
- 12. SB 252, Waters, Staff Measure Summary, 1 p.
- 13. SB 252, Waters, Revenue Impact of Proposed Legislation for SB 252, 1 p.
- 14. SB 252, Waters, Fiscal Analysis of Proposed Legislation, 1 p.
- 15. SB 252, Browning, Oregon Department of Revenue Bill Summary SB 252, 1 p.
- 16. HB 2050, Manary, Category Description, Company Name, Assessed Value, etc., 16 pp.
- 17. HB 2050, Torrey, Mayorís Office, City of Eugene, Letter to Chair Strobeck, 1 p.
- HB 2050, Manary, Cutter, Oregon Railroad Association, Statement in Support of HB 2050 before the House Revenue Committee, 1 p.