SENATE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE
ON TRADE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

April 03, 1991 Hearing Room 343 3:00 P.M. State Capitol

Salem, OR

Tapes 60 - 61

Film and Video Board Key Industries Program

MEMBERS PRESENT: SEN. WAYNE FAWBUSH, CHAIR

SEN. SCOTT DUFF

SEN. JEANNETTE H'AMBY

SEN. JIM HILL SEN. PEG JOLIN

SEN. EUGENE TIMMS

MEMBERS EXCUSED:

STAFF PRESENT: JOSEPH CORTRIGHT, EXECUTIVE OFFICER

TAMIRA MILLER, POLICY ANALYST JERI CHASE, OFFICE MANAGER

HOLLY BROWN, COMM1 1 1 EE ASSISTANT

WITNESSES: LYNN YOUNGBAR, LEGISLATIVE LIAISON, ECONOMIC

DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

DAVID LOHMAN, SENIOR DEPUTY DIRECTOR, ECONOMIC

DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

KEN MADDOX, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, SOFTWAREASSOCIATION

OF OREGON

MICHAEL MITTON, PRESIDENT, OREGON BIOTECHNOLOGY

ASSOCIATION

NOTE: These minutes contain materials which paraphrases and/or summarizes statements made during this meeting. Only text enclosed in quotation marks reports a speaker's exact words. For complete contents of the proceedings, please refer to the tapes.

TAPE 60, SIDE

000 CHAIR FAWBUSH convenes the meeting at 3:17 p.m.

SB 336 (Film and Video Board) - Work Session

006 MILLER: We need to rescind the referral to Ways and Means.

014 MOTION: The CHAIR moves to reconsider SB 336.

VOTE: Being no objection SB 336 is reconsidered.

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MOTION: The CHAIR moves SB 336 to the Boor with a Do Pass recommendation, rescinding Ways and Means.

VOTE: By roll call vote (3-1) SB 336 Does not pass to the floor rescinding Ways and Means. Voting AYE: SENATORS DUFF, TIMMS and FAWBUSH. Voting NAY: SENATOR JOLIN. EXCUSED: SENATORS HAMBY and HILL.

 $\,$ 032 $\,$ SEN. JOLIN: We are going to have to fund it somehow so it should go to Ways and Means.

 $\,$ 038 $\,$ CHAIR FAWBUSH: There is an agreement for a little funding for this to get them started.

044 LYNN YOUNGBAR: We are talking about a maximum of \$70,000. That is a commitment from the

Key Industry Fund.

 $\,$ 054 $\,$ MOTION: SEN. JOLIN moves SB 336 to the floor with a Do Pass recommendation,

rescinding Ways and Means.

VOTE: By roll call vote (4-0) SB 336 passes to the floor with a Do Pass

recommendation,

rescinding Ways and Means. Voting AYE: SENATORS DUFF, JOLIN, TIMMS and FAWBUSH. EXCUSED: SENATORS HAMBY and HILL.

SB 997 (Key industries) - Public Hearing

- $\tt 065$ $\tt JOE$ CORTRIGHT: Presents Staff Measure Summary on SB 997 (EXHIBIT A).
 - 108 CHAIR FAWBUSH: Why do we need this bill?
- $\,$ 110 $\,$ YOUNGBAR: I am not sure that we do need this bill except that it provide some definition and some

structure to a program that to date has simply been a line item in the lottery budget with no legislative

intent or really much discussion. This gives us some policy direction on the Icinds of activities we should

be engaged in.

118 CORTRIGHT: Submits "Twelve Innovative Ideas for Economic Development 199 0" (EXHIBIT B).

The first idea that was recommended was to budget economic development funds by industry sector.

 $$\operatorname{\textsc{The}}$ general idea is that rather than focusing on specific programs or activities, you should think of

economic development activities as trying to improve the competitiveness of particular sectors of the

state's economy.

DAVID LOHMAN: The general thrust of the bill is to require, in statute, a focus on working with

industries in ways that this department didn't do $4\ \mathrm{or}\ 5\ \mathrm{years}\ \mathrm{ago}$. We are doing a significant amount

of that already and this bill fits with that.

 $\,$ 171 KEN MADDOX: The major recommendation made by EDD was that there was a major need for a

 $\,$ trade association. EDD challenged us and said they would put up state money if it could be matched

by industry money. Since that time we have had a number of actions with the economic development

department. There is an opportunity for this industry to be competitive in an international market but

because it is made up of smaller businesses there is a need for an intermediate resource to assist the $\,$

 $\,$ small business. That is what is being suggested here. It is difficult for businesses to select focal points

for efforts, key industries attempts to do that. The activities of the association involve improving

 $\,$ communications among companies in the industry, the concept being that the industry in our state is

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approaching critical mass. Submits Newsletter from the Software Association of Oregon

(EXHIBIT C).

- 290 CHAIR FAWBUSH: What would you like to achieve in the next 2 years?
- $297\,$ MADDOX: One of the biggest issues facing us right now is in the area of quality and productivity. We

have just begun to work on that dual issue.

\$405\$ CHAIR FAWBUSH: Is there any opportunity for your managers to associate with each other to $$\operatorname{meet}$$

a market demand?

428 MADDOX: There are opportunities for cooperation. Right now we are looking at joint marketing

overseas.

TAPE 61, SIDE A

028 MADDOX: Remote communications and connection among the software community need to be

changed because there is a lot to be learned from each other.

 $\,$ 051 $\,$ SEN. DUFF: I see this legislation identifies key industries, but is there something we need to do to

facilitate a mark of quality?

060 MADDOX: We are just getting started ourselves. We are looking at 2 types of activities, certification

and recognition, which is probably easier and faster to implement. There is a way though, by utilizing

 $\,$ resources that already exist. However, additional resources may be necessary.

 $\,$ 074 $\,$ SEN. DUFF: Is there some legislation we can propose that will enable you to start this process?

076 MADDOX: Let me think about that and share this with others and come back to you with an idea.

\$078\$ CHAIR FAWBUSH: You are not developing a new technology you are applying existing knowledge.

088 MADDOX: For the most part yes, but there are some that are creating software.

098 SEN. TIMMS: Have we put money into this program?

100 LOHMAN: \$70,000 from the Strategic Resene Fund.

 $\,$ 166 CHAIR FAWBUSH: The questions I am interested in is what is the next step? What would be a

 $\,$ major move forward for you in meeting the challenge of this global competition that you are going to

be facing? We would like you key industries to answer these questions for us.

204 MICHAEL MITTON: Submits Newsletter of the Oregon Biotechnology Association (EXHIBIT D).

 $$\operatorname{\textsc{The}}$ association was formed by merging 2 predecessor groups. Many of the things that we have done

and our very existence to some extent was brought about through interaction with the Economic

Development Department. We have a big education effort ahead of us. It is our job to show people $\,$

the benefits of biotechnology. The allied industries are primary baneficiaries of biotechnology and part

of our job is to create an information flow to those industries. Another aspect of our mission is

supporting the universities. Biotechnology is very knowledge driven and you have to start with an $\,$

investment in universities to get this industry going. The OBA is starting on the development of

strategic plan. We are surveying the Biotechnology base in this state and we have divided that into four

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categories; the companies, the universities and the government labs, allied industries and support organizations we are bringing that together in a

strategic plan.

390 CHAIR FAWBUSH: What would you like to achieve in 2 years?

 $395\,$ MITTON: We have a five year goal to make Oregon one of the top ten biotech centers in the United

States. The fist step is the strategic plan, which will focus our energies in specific areas. As a $2\ \mathrm{year}$

goal we would be happy if we could develop the strategic plan and have an action plan that falls out of

that so we can achieve our long term goal. And perhaps the education of the people of Oregon as to

the potential of biotechnology and what it is going to take to achieve that potential.

TAPE 60, SIDE B

0.31

your typical association.

025 CHAIR FAWBUSH: It might be interesting to look at the association we have got within these

industries and try and figure out what the next step is and what you want to do with your key industries.

What could we be looking at that might facilitate that kind of growth? LOHMAN: These associations are not typical and they do a lot more than

Volunteer time has been invested to get these associations together.

O44 CHAIR FAWBUSH: Do you have any full time staff?

045 MADDOX: I am it. Gratification has come through the volunteer efforts.

 $\,$ 059 $\,$ MITTON: We have an enormous amount of volunteer support. The biotech industry is very small.

We have had no permanent staff until this year and now I am the only one. Our mission is economic

development.

\$104\$ SEN. DUFF: I am concerned with pesticide control. Does the regulatory atmosphere here put you at

a disadvantage to other countries?

120 MITTON: The big markets are here so we are not in to much competition with other countries.

The U.S. does lead the world in biotechnology so that is an opportunity for us to capitalize. The federal $\ensuremath{\text{c}}$

government is looking at ways to keep us going.

 $$140\,$$ LOHMAN: In the last 4 years we have seen the development of a number of associations and we have

played a role in many of them. Each of these associations are very different because the needs of each $\,$

industry are very different. Submits "Oregon Advanced Computing Institute" (EXHIBIT E) and

Newsletter for OACIS (EXHIBIT F).

\$181\$ SEN. DUFF: I would like to see something drafted that would create a person who could deal with

regulatory issues.

220 LOHMAN: Presents comments regarding SB 997 (EXHIBIT G) and submits "Key Industry

Program 1989-91 Initiatives" (EXHIBIT H).

360 LOHMAN: Continues EXHIBIT G.

420 CHAIR FAWBUSH recesses the meeting at 4:40 pm.

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Submitted by, Jeri Chase Office Manager Senate T&E Committee April 03, 1991 Page 6
EXHIBIT SUMMARY

EXHIBIT A - Staff Measure Summary on SB 997, submitted by Joe Cortright, pgs. 2.

EXHIBIT B - "Twelve Innovative Ideas for Economic Development," submitted by Joe Cortright, pgs. 33.

EXHIBIT C - Newsletter of the Software Association of Oregon, submitted by Ken Maddox, pgs. 12.

EXHIBIT D - Newsletter of the Oregon Biotechnology Association submitted by Michael Mitton, pgs. 6.

EXHIBIT E - "Oregon Advanced Computing Institute," submitted by David Lohman, pgs. 1.

EXHIBIT F - Newsletter from OACIS, submitted by David Lohman, pgs.16.

EXHIBIT G - Comments on SB 997, submitted by David Lohman, pgs. 4.

EXHIBIT H - "Key Industries Program 1989-91 Initiatives," submitted by David Lohman, pgs. 2.

Senate T&E Committee April 3, 1991 Page SB 562 - PH

SENATE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE ON TRADE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

April 3, 1991Hearing Room 343 4:30 P.M.State Capitol Salem, OR

Tapes 62 - 63 Lottery Allocation

MEMBERS PRESENT: SEN. WAYNE FAWBUSH, CHAIR

SEN. SCOTT DUFF

SEN. JEANNETTE HAMBY

SEN. JIM HILL
SEN. PEG JOLIN
SEN. EUGENE TIMMS

MEMBERS EXCUSED:

HOUSE MEMBERS PRESENT: REP. RAY BAUM, CHAIR

REP. JERRY BARNES

REP. MARGARET CARTER, VICE CHAIR

REP. VERA KATZ REP. DAVE MC TEAGUE REP. BOB PICKARD

HOUSE MEMBERS EXCUSED: REP. CEDRIC HAYDEN

STAFF PRESENT: JOSEPH CORTRIGHT, EXECUTIVE OFFICER

TAMIRA MILLER, POLICY ANALYST JERI CHASE, OFFICE MANAGER

HOLLY BROWN, COMMITTEE ASSISTANT

WITNESSES: STEVE PETERSEN, DIRECTOR, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

NOTE: These minutes contain materials which paraphrases and/or summarizes statements made during this

meeting. Only text enclosed in quotation marks reports a speaker's exact words. For complete contents of the proceedings, please refer to the tapes.

TAPE 62, SIDE A

000 CO-CHAIR BAUM reconvenes the meeting at 4:45 p.m.

012 CO-CHAIR BAUM: We are going to be considering allocating lottery funds to various agencies. We have some procedural issues to deal with. We have several bills that have

been introduced in the Senate

and several that have been introduced in the House and because of the fact that we do not meet jointly

most of those bills that do have money have referrals to Ways and Means.

It has been proposed by the

co-chairs that we have an agreement between the 2 committees that out of all the program bills, we go

ahead and work those bill on the merit of the program. We will strip out the lottery allocation and send

the House bills to the House floor to be referred to the Senate committee and the Senate will send the

bills to the Senate floor and then they will be referred to the House committee. We will do this with

the agreement that none of those bill should be moved to Ways and Means until we consider the full allocation bill.

045 CO-CHAIR FAWBUSH: The co-chairs met with leadership and there has been agreement to remove

the lottery funding and cross them over to the other committee. We will have opportunities jointly to

make recommendations as to how the funding works in the lottery in relation to what both committees

have been working on independently. Submits "1991-93 Lottery Allocation Worksheet" (EXHIBIT A).

078 CORTRIGHT: We have been trying to develop, with the Economic Development Department, a

consistent framework for laying out and describing all of the state's activity with regard to economic

development. We have laid out 4 major areas of economic activity. They are: 1) Regional and

community development, 2) Workforce development, 3) Industry development, and 4) Business

assistance. Presents EXHIBIT A.

141 STEVE PETERSEN: Presents EDD Proposed Lottery Allocations 1991-93 (EXHIBIT B).

TAPE 63, SIDE A

020 CO-CHAIR FAWBUSH: Recommendations to the Governor have indicated that they consider light

rail in the lottery and the trade off would be to pull the \$10 million for Head Start out and find that in General Fund dollars.

033 SEN. J. HILL: We asked Legislative Counsel if Head Start was economic development. I am not sure

that it qualifies under the definition of economic development.

036 CO-CHAIR BAUM: The Attorney General's opinion was yes it is economic development.

047 SEN. J. HILL: The Attorney General's opinion concerning prisons revolved around the issue of

construction. If we're talking about constructing or building something we may as well forget about the

definition for economic development because it is anything.

058 PETERSEN: Continues presentation of EXHIBITS A and B.

 ${\tt O75}$ CO-CHAIR BAUM: We need to enter into a discussion as a matter of policy on what we want to

spend lottery for on a broad basis. We would like to see the money spent on programs that need

funding one time, that are capital intensive, project oriented and that finish up their purpose within the

2 year time period we have before we meet again. We want to generate programs that have a broad

application that members of this body, on both sides, can apply to for needs in their communities and

have the same chance as anybody else of qualifying for the dollars. We have a rough cut or starting

point. We have a lot of things that we have funded in the past. The question is, what do we do from

here as a joint committee? Do we focus back on capital projects and do general programs or do we

go to the line item where individual projects by maybe more influential folks seem to find their way into

the program. The purpose tonight is to lay out the whole gambit of programs and review. So how do

you want to proceed from here? What should our general policy be?

117 CO-CHAIR FAWBUSH: As you look over the list and try to organize it into something that makes

sense. This gives you the opportunity to make comparisons to establish priorities. We have discussed

the importance of funding one-time efforts, but some of these are not one time efforts. We are seeing

some trends develop in the programs that survive on lottery money that you could call ongoing efforts

but within those they provide one-time shots at funds throughout the state (i.e., SPWF, PRLF, Capital

Access Program, Regional Strategies, etc.). Another issue is how much administration you want to fund

out of lottery? The TouriSMdepartment is at \$6\$ million. Traditionally, administration for the TouriSM

Department has been out of General Fund and they have done promotion with lottery money. The $\,$

Governor recommended, this time, that all of TouriSMbe funded out of lottery, which is a major shift

of administration onto lottery dollars. There is a lot of discussion to potentially use Video Poker to set

up a "super capital construction fund" to deal with projects of statewide significance.

198 CO-CHAIR BAUM: We have a bottom line figure of \$95 million and we would like to target that as

the limit to keep within. We also have back outs, which the Governor took from general fund and moved to the lottery.

208 REP. PICKARD: I think we should begin with Human Investment.

230 REP. KATZ: I am troubled, that we are beginning to make these decision, when we have no idea what

the General Fund allocations are going to be on some programs that have a higher priority than $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) +\left($

everything on this list. I also have a problem with video poker. I

understand that the bills on the House side are not in our committee. If Leadership wants to proceed with video poker allocation, that changes the whole complexion of this discussion.

273 CO-CHAIR FAWBUSH: Your problem with General Fund is a valid issue. Historically, the lottery

funds have been kept separate in order for an opportunity for economic development. Should these

revenues be put on the table to meet budget needs and set these programs aside? We may want to do

that. Regarding video poker, there is an existing law allowing it to take place. There is a bill in House

State and Federal Affairs to outlaw the grey games. Before we move the lottery allocation bill,

adjustments would have to be made as to how those revenues would be dealt with. If that were to

happen, what would be your priority in spending those funds and how do you back fill existing programs.

Also we have no idea how much video poker would raise.

340 SEN. J. HILL: I think this is a good first cut. I agree with your formal policy motion. As a procedural

note, I would like to have some ideal of how much was allocated last session for comparison. Regarding

REP. KATZs concern about the General Fund, we are getting to the point that a lot of economic

development doesn't seem to have much of a meaningful definition anymore. The idea was that we

would always have some money dedicated to keeping our economy going. Economic development is

what the funds have been dedicated to and I think we should keep that in $\min d$ and dedicate these funds

to that. I think we could be moving toward using this money for any number of things that are not

economic development and I would resist that.

 $396\ \text{SEN}.\ \text{TIMMS:}\ \text{I}\ \text{agree with SEN.}\ \text{HILL.}\ \text{I}\ \text{think one of the big policy}$ problems we have is visibility.

The more visibility we get, the better perception we will get from the citizens of this state. If we

continue to be deficient in letting the public know where lottery dollars have gone, we will lose them.

I think we have done some good things. We have provided some viable programs for local people.

427 REP. CARTER: Economic development was designed to keep economies strong and viable. If it is

a one time kind of creative financing, if we want to encourage new programs for economic viability then

if this committee can't support it, who can. We need to go back to the original philosophy, not to be

expanding, not to be nervous about what the dollars are for, but get back to the philosophy ourselves

so that we can keep these programs strong. This is the most important of times to keep businesses viable.

037 SEN. JOLIN: I agree with REP. CARTER and I appreciate her comments. I would request that we $\,$

have even more information regarding each of these programs. I want to know more about them than how much money is involved.

 $054\ \text{REP.}$ BARNES: In my mind economic development means bettering the economic well being of our

citizens. We are talking about job creation, job maintenance, and we are talking about one shot affairs.

I don't care what the Attorney General said because he will probably sign anything you put in front of him.

075 SEN. DUFF: I agree that lottery funds should be used for economic development and we should resist those funds being used to back fill General Fund programs.

100 CO-CHAIR FAWBUSH: Some of us don't like the proposal of funding light rail with lottery funds.

If we do act jointly, it is significant. If you feel strongly about some of the places we are going to put

these dollars, you had better lock it up early. The later you go with this process, the greater the

jeopardy everything on this list will be in. The competing demands toward the end of the session will

be too much. Prior agreement is needed.

126 CO-CHAIR BAUM: My fear is that we will do something decent and it will go downstairs late and we

will lose a lot of dollars for rural Oregon. If we languor until June 1, what we have done will be lost.

152 REP. MC TEAGUE: The number one problem the lottery process faces is that folks don't appreciate $\frac{1}{2}$

the investments that we have made. I think the lottery has been a way for the state to avoid having to

set up other means of funding things like regional strategies and special works. I wonder how much the

business or labor communities would be willing to contribute if there was no lottery. Constituency has

not been vocal in support of these programs. If we are not going to fund light rail out of lottery we

better decide where we are going to get the money. I have no problem with it, it is identifiable as a

clear economic development project. We are skeptical that you could pass a 2 cent tax increase on the House side.

191 SEN. HAMBY: I would like to at least try to pass the 2 cent tax before it is rejected.

194 CO-CHAIR FAWBUSH: I agree.

199 REP. KATZ: I want to talk about the JTPA funds and to what extent we can direct those discretionary

funds toward workforce and education issues. If that is viable, and it looks like it is, and we can get a

commitment from the parties that will make that final decision, then we have a little bit more lee-way

in terms of doing what we want to do now.

221 SEN. JOLIN: I agree with SEN. HAMBY. I do not have a problem with light rail. I can recall in the past that cigarette taxes have always passed in the House with both parties approval. It ought to be attempted.

240 SEN. HAMBY: I shared the idea of a cigarette tax because light rail is a 30 year commitment to the lottery.

248 MOTION: SEN. J. HILL moves to accept the general principles, to focus on programs that have general applicability, that fund projects that are completed within

the 2 year cycle and are capital intensive.

258 CO-CHAIR BAUM: Any objection to these principals?

265 SEN. J. HILL: We have tried to live by this principle since we first had the lottery money to deal with.

I think it is a good principle to guide ourselves on how to use the money.

287 VOTE: Being no objection the principles above are adopted.

298 SEN. J. HILL: How much was the decline of lottery funds that we have to work with?

310 CORTRIGHT: The best estimate of revenue that we will actually get this biennium is \$103\$ million.

319 CO-CHAIR FAWBUSH: There are a number of major issues that we are going to have to walk

through. In addition to each of the line items, there are some major policy issues. They tend to be $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}$

grouped within these 4 main areas. There are issue within Regional Strategies and Special Public Works

as to how we want those to work, that seem to me to be best handled as a joint committee. I suggest

that staff gives us a working list of the major issues, one being how you deal with the ending balance.

We also need to decide how the committee wants to deal with other requests not on this sheet. Do you $\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1$

want to hold public hearings for input?

371 SEN. HAMBY: I would like some real critical critiques of the past expenditures.

382 REP. KATZ: I want to be sure we schedule the JTPA people and resolve the issue of our ability to direct funds.

392 REP. BARNES: I would like us not to drop the issue of a cigarette tax.

403 SEN. DUFF: I agree with REP. BARNES. I think we should send a strong message that we support light rail with a cigarette tax.

408 CO-CHAIR FAWBUSH: Let's find out how many people in the committee are

interested in seriously considering the light rail for a cigarette tax and not the lottery. Then we could write a letter to the Leadership expressing the committees feelings on this. How many are interested?

425 Expressing interest: REPRESENTATIVES CARTER, BARNES and PICKARD, SENATORS

FAWBUSH, JOLIN, HAMBY, HILL and DUFF.

- Those opposed: REPRESENTATIVES BAUM and KATZ.
- 431 Those that are indifferent: REPRESENTATIVE MC TEAGUE.
- 432 Those excused: REPRESENTATIVE HAYDEN and SENATOR TIMMS.
- 471 CO-CHAIR FAWBUSH: Next meeting we will get some rules in front of you to decide how this committee should operate jointly. There are 2 options, the requirement of a double majority or a simple majority of the joint committee.

TAPE 63, SIDE B

027 CO-CHAIR BAUM: There is also the video poker option. I want to hold this process up until next week when we have the opportunity to talk about other options for funding light rail.

047 CO-CHAIR BAUM adjourns the meeting at 6:15 p.m.

Submitted by,

Jeri Chase Office Manager

EXHIBIT SUMMARY

EXHIBIT A - "1991-93 Lottery Fund Allocation Worksheet," submitted by Co-Chair Wayne Fawbush, pgs. 1.

EXHIBIT B - ODD Proposed lottery allocation 1991-93, submitted by Steve Petersen.